# MODIS Atmosphere QA Plan <mark>for Collection 006</mark>

Includes:

Cirrus Flag & High Cloud Flag (06\_CT) Clarification Deep Blue Aerosol Update Aerosol Over Land Update Water Vapor and Atmosphere Profile Update Changes to MOD35 QA Bit Field Documentation Cloud Optical Properties Update Introductory Bit String Interpretation Update CSR Flag Documentation



Version 8 5 May 2015

by Paul Hubanks<sup>1</sup>

# **Table of Contents**

1.0	Introduc	rtion	1
	1.1 QA	Approach	2
2.0	Level 2 I	Runtime QA Flag Structure/Information Content	3
	2.1 Type	es of Runtime QA Flags	3
	2.2 Read	ling and Interpreting Runtime QA Flags	6
	<b>.</b>		
App	endix A:	Runtime QA Flags of Atmosphere Products	
		Aerosol (04_L2)	
		Water Vapor (05_L2)	
		Cloud (06_L2)	
		Cloud Optical Properties	
		Cloud Top Properties	
		Atmospheric Profile (07_L2)	
		Cloud Mask (35_L2)	
		Joint Atmosphere (ATML2)	40
	1' D		
App	endix B:	Inventory Metadata of Atmosphere Products	
		Introduction	
		ECS (or Core) Inventory Metadata	
		QA Inventory Metadata	
		Aerosol (04_L2)	
		Water Vapor (05_L2)	
		Cloud (06_L2)	
		Atmospheric Profile (07_L2)	
		Cloud Mask (35_L2)	
		Joint Atmosphere (ATML2)	
App	endix C <sup>.</sup>	Archive Metadata of Atmosphere Products	55
		Introduction	
		Aerosol (04_L2)	
		Water Vapor (05_L2)	
		Cloud (06_L2)	
		Atmospheric Profile (07_L2)	60
		Cloud Mask (35_L2)	
		Joint Atmosphere (ATML2)	
		Daily Global (08_D3)	
		Eight Day Global (08_E3)	
		Monthly Global (08_M3)	

Note 1: Changes for version 3.1 are isolated in the Aerosol QA flags and are shown in red.

**Note 2:** Changes for version 3.4 are isolated in the Aerosol Cloud\_Mask\_QA and Aerosol Quality\_Assurance\_Land flags on pages 10 and 12; and the Joint Product on page 39 (shown in green).

**Note 3:** Changes for version 3.5 are isolated in the Deep Blue Aerosol portion of the Aerosol Quality\_Assurance\_Land flags on page 12; and the Joint Product on page 39 (shown in blue).

### 1.0 Introduction

This document describes the QA (quality assessment or quality assurance) plan for all MODIS Atmosphere products. Topics covered include: quality evaluation approach and scenarios, Level 2 (L2) runtime QA structure and information content, types of L2 runtime QA flags, a primer on reading and interpreting L2 runtime QA flags, detail on how Level 2 (L2) confidence flags impact Level 3 (L3) product statistics, and finally a thorough breakdown of the structure and information content of L2 Runtime QA (in Appendix A).

Also included at the end of this document is information on Inventory and Archive Metadata structures that apply to both L2 and L3 products (in Appendix B and C).

It should be noted that within MODIS Atmosphere, the term "QA" is loosely defined to include a wide variety of flags that detail (1) confidence or quality, (2) retrieval processing path, (3) retrieval status or outcome, (4) retrieval method, (5) data or scene characteristics, and (6) metadata or ancillary input source.

Quality assessment is an important element in the sequential data reduction from Level 0 (L0) raw counts to Level 1B (L1B) calibrated radiance, and continually to Level 2 (L2) orbital swath granules and Level 3 (L3) global gridded products. Level 2 MODIS Atmosphere products, retrieved from MODIS instrument and ancillary data, are grouped into user-friendly Hierarchical Data Format (HDF) files based upon the general categories of aerosol, column water vapor, cloud, atmospheric profiles, cloud mask, and joint atmosphere. Level 3 Atmosphere products, which contain hundreds of 1°x1° global gridded parameters/statistics derived from the L2 products, are grouped into HDF files by temporal period: daily, eight-day, and monthly.

MODIS atmosphere products are grouped as follows (Earth Science Data Type (ESDT) names, used to identify each product by their HDF filename, are provided in parentheses):

#### Level 2 Products

- Aerosol (04\_L2)
- Water Vapor (or Precipitable Water) (05\_L2)
- Cloud Properties (06\_L2)
- Atmospheric Profiles (07 L2)

- Cloud Mask (35\_L2)
- Joint Atmosphere (ATML2)

#### Level 3 Products

- Daily Global (08\_D3)
- Eight-day Global (08\_E3)
- Monthly Global (08\_M3)

Each Level 2 atmospheric parameter is retrieved at a spatial resolution determined by the sensitivity of retrieval, not necessarily on a single field of view (FOV) basis. Resolutions typically range from 1x1 km to 10x10 km. Level 3 atmospheric parameters are computed at 1x1 degree spatial resolution.

There are two main types of flags described in this document: (1.) Runtime QA Flags and (2.) Metadata (either Inventory or Archive).

**Runtime QA Flags** (which are only computed and stored for Level 2 products) are designed to convey information on retrieval processing path, input data source, scene characteristics, and the estimated quality of the physical parameters retrieved. In addition, this broad group of flags also includes Cloud Mask QA flags (initially derived at 1×1 km resolution) that may be recomputed at the spatial resolution of the retrieval for the determination of cloudy and clear pixels, land surface type, sunglint, day/night, and snow/ice.

**Metadata**, on the other hand, are to report high-level granule characteristics and calculated statistics in the broad catagory of either Inventory or Archive Metadata. Inventory Metadata are searchable, whereas the Archive Metadata are for archival (documentation) only.

# 1.1 QA Approach

The (automatic) operational approach forms the key to the QA process of MODIS atmosphere products. This encompasses the Runtime QA flags and Metadata produced in each product as well as the operational procedures performed in real time at the GDAAC (Goddard DAAC) or MODAPS (MODIS Data Processing System).

The Runtime QA flags produced in Level 2 products are the central piece of this Quality Assurance (QA) Plan. They are designed not only to report success or failure of criteria being used in retrieval but also to estimate the data quality. These resolution-level QA flags provide much more detailed information and thus provide better information to produce Level 3 global products. The MODIS atmosphere Level 3 products are produced to include various statistical quantities (e.g., mean, standard deviation, histogram and regression). Theoretically, in evaluating the quality of the retrieval, the quality of the inputs should also be considered. Thus, the Level 2 QA flags

are to reflect only the product itself, with input sources flagged for later evaluation.

Introductory information on the type and structure of Runtime QA Flags, along with a primer on reading and interpreting QA Flags, can be found in Section 2. The key portion of this document is the detailed tabulation of Runtime QA Flags in Appendix A.

## 2.0 Level 2 Runtime QA Structure/Information Content

The quality of Level 2 product can be (1) inherited from the L1B radiances, or (2) associated with the retrieval process. The pixel-based L1B validity flags comprising information on dead and saturated detectors, calibration failure, etc., are examined by L2 algorithms for determination of the radiometric status of each pixel. This information can prevent further calculations from being performed if the "valid input data" criteria is not met by the given algorithm. The granule-level L1B QA metadata provides summary information for valid and saturated Earth view observations, and can be useful in screening a granule of data. Details about MODIS L1B QA flags can be found in the MODIS L1B QA plan. The structure and information content of MODIS Atmosphere runtime QA are detailed in the following sections.

It should be noted that Runtime QA flags are only found in Level 2 (L2) Atmosphere products. Level 3 (L3) Atmosphere products contain no Runtime QA flags (bit-string SDS's); however L2 runtime QA flags are used to compute (aggregate and weight) statistics in L3.

# 2.1 Types of Runtime QA Flags

The SDS run time QA flags are stored based upon product resolution. For convenience, the run time QA flags can be divided into three parts: (1) cloud mask flags, (2) product quality flags, and (3) retrieval processing flags.

**Cloud Mask Flags** are constructed using the Cloud Mask (35\_L2). Typically they are based on the flags from the first byte only, however it may contain additional flags read from subsequent bytes. The first byte of the Cloud Mask is shown below:

Bits	Flag Name	Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions
0	Cloud Mask Status Flag	0	Undetermined
		1	Determined
1-2	Cloud Mask Cloudiness Flag	0	Confident Cloudy (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0)
		1	Probably Cloudy
		2	Probably Clear
		3	Confident Clear
3	Day / Night Flag	0	Night (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0)
		1	Day

4	Sunglint Flag	0	Yes (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0)
		1	No
5	Snow / Ice Flag	0	Yes (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0)
		1	No
6-7	Surface Type Flag	0	Ocean or Deep Lakes and Rivers (or Fill)
		1	Coast or Shallow Lakes and Rivers
		2	Desert
		3	Land

For L2 products at  $1\times1$  km resolution, the first byte of the cloud mask will be written and stored, exactly as detailed above. For coarser resolution products (5x5 or 10x10 km), the information for each QA Flag will be determined by science team members based upon the retrieval method (it may be subsampled or averaged). To avoid duplication in products that are built from more than one retrieval algorithm, cloud mask QA flags will be stored only once in each product (HDF file). The only exception is the Cloud Product (06\_L2), where the cloud mask QA flags will be stored at both 1×1 and 5×5 km resolutions.

**Product Quality Flags** are used to indicate the quality of each parameter retrieved at the product spatial resolution. The first bit indicates usefulness of the parameter, followed by two or three bits for the confidence level. Even though one can store a number from 0 to 7 (corresponding to 8 confidence levels) when three bits are allocated for the Confidence Flag, the Atmosphere L3 production processing software was develped to handle only 4 confidence levels (see table below), which can be adequately stored in only two bits. Usefulness Flags should always be read in tandum with Confidence Flags to differentiate between No Confidence but valid data vs. Fill (missing) data.

Flag Name	Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions	L3 QA-weighting
Example Parameter	0	Not useful	Not used in L3
Usefulness Flag	1	Useful	Used in L3
Example Parameter	0	No Confidence (or Fill)	0x
Confidence Flag	1	Marginal	1x
	2	Good	2x
	3	Very Good	3x

An example of the typical format for Product Quality Flags is shown below:

The MODIS Atmosphere L3 processing software makes use of the L2 Usefulness and Confidence flags by creating L3 QA-weighted mean and standard deviation statistics. The QA weighting is performed by weighting each L2 input pixel by its Confidence flag, so that non-fill *no confidence* data has a weight of 0x, *marginal* data has a weight of 1x, *good* data has a weight of 2x, and *very good* data has a weight of 3x in the statistical computation within the L3 one-degree grid box.

It should be noted that L3 "regular" (non QA-weighted) mean and standard

deviation statistics are not weighted by L2 Confidence flags and will **include** all *non-fill* L2 input pixels that have their Quality/Confidence flags set to 0; while the QA-weighted mean and standard deviation statistics will **exclude** these pixels. This technique allows for the creation of L3 (QA-weighted) statistics that can selectively exclude *no confidence* (or experimental) L2 results.

Finally, users should note that (in addition to regular simple statistics) L2 QA Confidence flags are also ignored in the L3 computation of pixel count, histogram, joint histogram, and regression statistics.

**Retrieval Processing Flags** are used for miscellaneous purposes. The bit length and information content are determined by the responsible science team member. In general, it may contain:

- Physical, algorithm, climatological constraints
- Atmospheric correction (Rayleigh scattering, gaseous absorption)
- Input resource of ancillary data or MODIS product
- Spectral band and detector status (L1B)
- Occurrence of contamination by thin cirrus

Two common retrieval processing flags are the processing path flag and the input data resource flag. The former indicates the retrieval path, the correction due to Rayleigh scattering and gaseous absorption, or the occcurrence of error during retrieval. The latter is to indicate the source of input data sets, such as other MODIS products, ancillary data from other satellites, model assimilated data from GMAO (Goddard Modeling and Assimilation Office), or NCEP (National Centers for Environmental Prediction), or climatology.

# 2.2 Reading and Interpreting Runtime QA Bit Flags

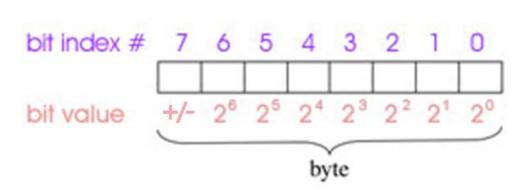
All Level 2 (L2) MODIS Atmosphere HDF data products contain one or more "bit flag"" Scientific Data Set (SDS) arrays. Bit flag SDS names may contain the string "Quality\_Assurance"" or may have a more descriptive name like "Cloud\_Mask". However, they all have one common attribute – bit flag (or bit string) arrays containing one or more flags stored in particular (fixed) bit positions of the array.

#### Bit and Byte Array Indexing Convention: "Zero-based"

The convention for indexing arrays varies from language to language. Array indexing in FORTRAN typically starts at 1; and array indexing in C typically starts at 0. However, almost all tools used for bit extraction (in both FORTRAN and C) use an index start convention of 0 for both bits and bytes. In addition, the HDF interface is based in the C (0-based) language. Therefore a 0-based start convention for indexing (numbering) the bits and bytes is always used. In summary, the first byte is always called byte 0, and the first (lowest order) bit is always called bit 0.

#### HDF Bit Ordering Convention:

When reading bit flags from *bit string* SDSs (Quality Assurance or Cloud Mask arrays, for example), the bits will always be numbered from right (bit index #0) to left (bit index #7). That is, the least significant bit (2<sup>0</sup>) is on the right and most significant bit (the sign bit) is on the left. A visual example of this format is offered below.



# Single Byte Representation

#### Numerical Whole-Byte Dumps

Users should note that if one uses the HDF utility, *ncdump*, or other tools to dump full-byte values as decimal numbers (that is, decimal numbers ranging from -128 to 127) from *bit flag* SDS arrays. One simply converts the numbers to 8 bit registers of 0 or 1, where the bit tagged as the first bit (bit index #0) is the lowest order (or least significant) bit (2<sup>0</sup>); and the bit tagged as the last bit (bit index #7) is the highest order (or most significant) bit (the sign bit).

To decode individual flags, one queries groups of sequential bits (matching the length of each flag) in the proper bit order from 0 to 7 and interprets the value of those bits (using the same *least significant* to *most significant* convention) to obtain the correct flag value. An example of this *bit flag* decoding is detailed below.

For example, consider the second byte of the Cloud\_Mask\_5km SDS:

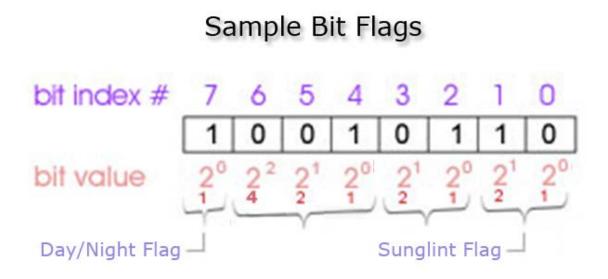
Scientific Data Set (SDS): "Cloud_Mask_5km" (second byte only)						
Flag Name	Number of Bits	Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions			
C6 Sunglint Flag	2	0	Fill <u>or</u> CTP retrieval fail			
		1	No Sunglint & CTP retrieval success			
		2	Sunglint & CTP retrieval success			
C6 Snow / Ice Flag	2	0	Fill <u>or</u> CTP retrieval fail			
		1	No Snow/Ice & CTP retrieval success			
		2	Snow/Ice & CTP retrieval success			
C6 Surface Type Flag	3	0	Fill <u>or</u> CTP retrieval fail			
		1	Ocean, Deep Lakes and Rivers & CTP retr. success			
		2	Coast, Shallow Lakes and Rivers & CTP retr. success			
		3	Desert & CTP retrieval success			
		4	Land & CTP retrieval success			
		5	All other valid (non-fill) surface types & CTP retr. succ.			
Day / Night Flag	1	0	Night (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0)			
		1	Day			

Suppose the following flags were set:

- Sunglint Flag = 2 (Sunglint & CTP Retrieval Success)
- Snow/Ice Flag = 1 (No Snow/Ice & CTP Retrieval Success)
- Surface Type Flag = 1 (Ocean & CTP Retrieval Success)
- Day/Night Flag = 1 (Day)

#### **Bit-String Dump**

The bits for the example case noted above are shown in the figure below. Flags are then positioned from the right; and least to most significant bits are ordered from right to left for each individual flag.



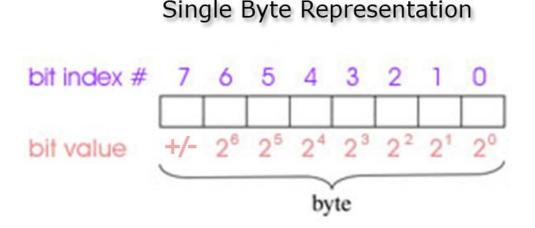
#### Evaluation of signed bit strings

#### Case 1: Bit strings of length 7 bits or fewer

Evaluating signed bit strings is easy if you are looking at bit strings of length 7 or fewer. In this case, the decimal numbers are always positive (and will range from 0 to a maximum number which depends on the number of bits being read (for example, 3 bits allows for a maximum decimal number of 7)) and will follow the standard interpretation convention shown in the figure below.

#### *Case 2: Bit strings of length 8 bits, but with the sign bit set to 0 (positive numbers)*

Evaluating signed bit strings similarly easy if you are looking at bit strings of length 8 and with the most significant bit (the sign bit) set to 0. In this case the numbers are (still) always positive (and will range from 0 to 127) and will follow the standard interpretation convention shown in the figure below.



*Case 3: Bit strings of length 8 bits, but with the sign bit set to 1 (negative numbers)* 

Evaluating signed bit strings is more convoluted if you are looking at bit strings of length 8 but with the most significant bit (the sign bit) set to 1. In this case the numbers are always negative (and will ange from -1 to -128) and follow the interpretation formula of outlined below:

**Step 1**: With the sign bit set to 1, the number will be given a negative sign.

Step 2: Flip all 8 bit registers. All 0's change to 1's; and all 1's change to 0's.

**Step 3:** Evaluate the bit registers using the Case 2 convention shown above (shown in the previous figure), however when you are done with that calculation, add 1 to the result. Note that the sign bit will always get flipped back to 0 in step 2.

So in the example shown above, with the bit registers showing 10010110. Step 1 says you will assign a negative (-) sign to the result. Step 2 says you flip all the bit registers, which yields 01101001. This "flipped" bit string is interpreted as:

$$1x2^{6} + 1x2^{5} + 1x2^{3} + 1x2^{0}$$
  
Or  
 $64 + 32 + 8 + 1$   
Or  
 $105$ 

Adding 1 (as specified in Step 3) we get,

106

Changing the sign to negative (as noted in Step 1) we get the final answer

-106

So the bit string of 10010110, will be read as -106.

#### Numerical Whole-Byte Dump

Sometimes, it's helpful to dump out the numeric values of byte arrays in order to see what values are being stored/read (as a sanity check) to see if you understand how these flags are being set and if they make sense given the sample granule you are studying. There are several ways to dump out the numeric value of a byte from an HDF bit flag array. One of the easiest ways is to use the HDF dump utility, *ncdump*. Here is example syntax of using *ncdump* to dump out the byte values of the SDS *Cloud\_Mask\_5km* from a sample HDF file called *test.hdf* to an output file called *dump.out* on a linux/irix command line:

ncdump -v Cloud\_Mask\_5km test.hdf > dump.out

#### **Online Bit-String Conversion Tools**

There are online tools (calculators) that can assist users to convert bit strings to decimal values (and visa-versa). Here is one example online tool, the link is below along with a screen capture:

http://www.binaryconvert.com/convert\_signed\_char.html

Unsigned char	Signed char	Unsigned short	Signed short	Unsigned int	Signed int	Float	Double
		Signe	d char (8-bit)	Two's comple	ment		
	Decimal	-10	<b>16</b> esentation = -106			New convers	sion
	Binary		1001	0110			



# **Runtime QA Flags**

of

**Atmosphere Products** 

# Aerosol Product: MOD04\_L2 (Terra) & MYD04\_L2 (Aqua)

For the Aerosol product, the Runtime QA flags are stored in two Scientific Data Sets (SDSs): *Quality\_Assurance\_Land* and *Quality\_Assurance\_Ocean* 

*Quality\_Assurance\_Land* and *Quality\_Assurance\_Ocean* are five byte SDSs that contain product quality flags, retrieval processing flags, and input data resource flags designed separately for land and ocean because of differences in the retrieval algorithms. All Aerosol QA Flag arrays have the following characteristics:

Scientific Data Set (SDS) Name: <b>"Quality_Assurance_Land"</b> Description: <b>Product quality and retrieval processing flags over Land</b> Length: <b>6 bytes (48 bits)</b>						
Flag Name	Number of Bits	Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions			
0.47 µm Aerosol Optical Thickness	1	0	Not useful (All Products are Fill Values)			
Usefulness Flag		1	Useful (Valid Products)			
0.47 µm Aerosol Optical Thickness	3	0	No Confidence (or Fill)			
Confidence Flag		1	Marginal			
		2	Good			
		3	Very Good			
0.66 µm Aerosol Optical Thickness	1	0	Not useful			
Usefulness Flag		1	Useful			
0.66 µm Aerosol Optical Thickness	3	0	No Confidence (or Fill)			
Confidence Flag		1	Marginal			
		2	Good			
		3	Very Good			
	proc	essing path f	lags			
Part I: Retrieving condition flags	4	0	Retrieval performed normally (no issues)			
when inversion is performed.		1	Procedure 2 performed (semi-bright surface)			
Retrieved values are output.		2	Water pixels in 10 x10 box			
		3	Cirrus present			
		4	Fitting error > 0.25			
		5	-0.1 < Retrieved т < 0.0			
		6	Number of pixels between 12 & 20			
		7	Number of pixels between 21 & 30			
		8	Number of pixels between 31 & 50			
		9	Ångstrom out of bounds			
		10	Retrieved T < 0.2			
		11	No Retrieval			

Part II: Retrieving condition flags     4     0     No error       when inversion is NOT performed.     1     Solar/sensor geometry out of bounds in LUT       Fill values are output.     2     Apparent reflectance out of bounds in LUT       3     Number of pixels < 12     p2.1 µm > 0.35 (foo bright)       5     Retrieved T <-0.1     6       6     Retrieved T <-0.1     6       5     Retrieved T <-0.1     6       7     Interviewed T <-0.1     7       5     Retrieved T <-0.1     7       5     Retrieved T <-0.1     7       6     Retrieved T <-0.1     7       7     Interviewed T <-0.1     7       8     Interviewed T <-0.1     7       7     Interviewed T <-0.1     7       7 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>				
Fill values are output.     2     Apparent reflectance out of bounds in LUT       3     Number of pixels < 12	Part II: Retrieving condition flags	4	0	No error
Image: series of the series	when inversion is NOT performed.		1	Solar/sensor geometry out of bounds in LUT
4p2 1 µm > 0.35 (too bright) Retrieved T - 0.1 Retrieved T - 0.1 Retrieved T - 0.1 Retrieved T - 5.0Spares4TBDTotal ozone20TOVS1al ozone2020TOVS1al ozone201al ozone101al ozone101al ozone101al ozone101al ozone101al ozone101al ozone101al ozone101al ozone101al ozone201al ozone201al ozone201al ozone201al ozone101al ozone11al ozone11al ozone11al ozone11al ozone11al ozone11al ozone1	Fill values are output.		2	Apparent reflectance out of bounds in LUT
Spares4TBDInput data resource flagsTotal ozone20TOVSTotal ozone20TOVS10al ozone20TOVS10al ozone20TOVS10al ozone20NCEP / GDAS10al ozone20NCEP / GDAS10al ozone20NCEP / GDAS10al ozone20NCDOS 'NR (MODIS Near-IR Water Vapor Retrieval)10al ozone20MODOS 'NR (MODIS Near-IR Water Vapor Retrieval)10al ozone20MODOS 'NR (MODIS L2 Cloud Mask)10al ozone10Not useful10al ozone10Not useful10al ozone20Not useful10al ozone20Not confidence (or Fill)10al ozone20No confidence (or Fill)10al ozone20Not confidence (or Fill)10al ozone20Mixed10al ozone3Very Good10al ozone3Suffate10al o			3	Number of pixels < 12
Image: sparesImage: sparesImage: sparesImage: sparesTotal ozone20TOVSTotal ozone20CIMatologyTotal ozone20CIMatologyTotal precipitable Water20NCEP / GDASTotal Precipitable Water20NCEP / GDASTotal Precipitable Water20NCEP / GDASTotal Precipitable Water20NCEP / GDASSnow Cover20NDD5* NIR (MODIS Near-IR Water Vapor Retrieval)Spares6TBDDeep Blue Aerosol10Not usefulUsefulness Flag 51UsefulConfidence Flag 520Noc fidence (or Fill)Confidence Flag 520MusedTota: Flags 2 and 3 are reversed from the Aerosol Type 62SonokSpares30SulfateSpares31MusedDeep Blue Aerosol Type 62SonokDeep Blue Aerosol Type 720MusedTota: Flags 2 and 3 are reversed from the Aerosol Type 62SonokSpares30Not usefulCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target 550 Aerosol Usefulness Flag 51UsefulCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target 550 Aerosol Usefulnes Flag 52Not usefulCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target 550 Aerosol Usefulnes Flag 51UsefulCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target 550 Aerosol Usefulnes Flag 51MarginalSpa			4	ρ2.1 μm > 0.35 (too bright)
Spares         4         TBD           input data resource flags           Total ozone         2         0         TOVS           1         TOMS         2         Climatology           2         0         NCEP / GDAS         DAO           Total Precipitable Water         2         0         NCEP / GDAS           1         MODOS <sup>+</sup> NIR (MODIS Near-IR Water Vapor Retrieval)         2           2         0         MODAS <sup>+</sup> (MODIS L2 Cloud Mask)           2         0         MODAS <sup>+</sup> (MODIS L2 Cloud Mask)           2         0         MODAS <sup>+</sup> (MODIS L2 Cloud Mask)           2         0         MODAS <sup>+</sup> (MODIS L3 Eight-day Snow Cover)           Spares         6         TBD           Deep Blue Aerosol         1         0         Not useful           Usefulness Flag <sup>-5</sup> 1         Useful           Confidence Flag <sup>-5</sup> 2         0         Not useful           Deep Blue Aerosol         2         Good         3         Very Good           Deep Blue Aerosol Type <sup>5</sup> 2         0         Mixed         Spares           Note: Flags 2 and 3 are reversed from the Aerosol Type foor land         2         Smoke         Smoke			5	Retrieved T < -0.1
input data resource flags         Total ozone       2       0       TOVS         1       TOMS       2       Climatology         3       DAO       DAO         Total Precipitable Water       2       0       NCEP / GDAS         1       MODOS <sup>+</sup> NIR (MODIS Near-IR Water Vapor Retrieval)       2         2       0       MCDOS <sup>+</sup> NIR (MODIS Near-IR Water Vapor Retrieval)         2       0       MODOS <sup>+</sup> NIR (MODIS Near-IR Water Vapor Retrieval)         2       0       MODOS <sup>+</sup> NIR (MODIS L2 Cloud Mask)         MDD10 <sup>+</sup> (MODIS L2 Eloud Mask)       MOD10 <sup>+</sup> (MODIS L3 Eight-day Snow Cover)         Spares       6       TBD         Deep Blue Aerosol       1       0       Not useful         Usefulness Flag <sup>5</sup> 1       Useful         Deep Blue Aerosol       2       0       No Confidence (or Fill)         Confidence Flag <sup>5</sup> 2       0       Mixed         Not: Flags 2 and 3 are reversed       1       Dust         from the Aerosol Type 5       2       0       Mixed         Not: Flags 2 and 3 are reversed       1       Dust         from the Aerosol Type (over land       2       Smoke         spares       3			6	Retrieved T > 5.0
Total ozone20TOVS1TOMS2Climatology3DAOTotal Precipitable Water20NCEP / GDASMODOS* NIR (MODIS Near-IR Water Vapor Retrieval)2Climatology20MCEP / GDASMODOS* NIR (MODIS Near-IR Water Vapor Retrieval)2Snow Cover20Spares6TBDDeep Blue Aerosol10Usefulness Flag \$1Deep Blue Aerosol20Corifidence Flag \$1Deep Blue Aerosol Type \$2Oep Blue Aerosol Type \$2Deep Blue Aerosol Type \$2Deep Blue Aerosol Type \$2Deep Blue Aerosol Type \$2Combined Deep Blue & Bork Target1DotsSuffateSpares3Combined Deep Blue & Dark Target1Spares3Combined Deep Blue & Dark Target1Spares3Combined Deep Blue & Dark Target2Sol Aerosol Usefulness Flag \$1Combined Deep Blue & Dark Target2Spares3Combined Deep Blue & Dark Target2Sol Aerosol Confidence Flag \$1Marginal2Combined Deep Blue & Dark Target2Sol Aerosol Confidence Flag \$1Marginal2Good3Very GoodCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target2Sol Aerosol Confidence Flag \$1	Spares	4		TBD
1TOMS2Cimatology3DAOTotal Precipitable Water20NCEP / GDAS1MOD05* NIR (MODIS Near-IR Water Vapor Retrieval)2Cimatology20MOD05* NIR (MODIS Near-IR Water Vapor Retrieval)22Cimatology3DAOSnow Cover20MOD35* (MODIS L2 Cloud Mask)5pares6TBDDeep Blue Aerosol10Not usefulUsefulness Flag S1UsefulDeep Blue Aerosol20No Confidence (or Fill)Confidence Flag S20MixedNot: Flags 2 and 3 are reversed1Dustfrom the Aerosol Type for the Aerosol Type (over land3SulfateSpares3TBDCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target1Not usefulSpares3SulfateSpares3Confidence (or Fill)Combined Deep Blue & Dark Target1DustSpares3SulfateSpares3SulfateSo Aerosol Usefulness Flag S1UsefulCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target1OSpares3Confidence (or Fill)So Aerosol Usefulnes Flag S20So Aerosol Confidence Flag S1UsefulCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target1UsefulSpares3Very Good	· ·	input	data resource	e flags
2Climatology DAOTotal Precipitable Water20NCEP / GDAS MODS* NIR (MODIS Near-IR Water Vapor Retrieval) 2Total Precipitable Water20NCEP / GDAS MODS* NIR (MODIS Near-IR Water Vapor Retrieval) 2Snow Cover20MOD3* (MODIS L2 Cloud Mask) MOD10* (MODIS L3 Eight-day Snow Cover)Spares6TBDDeep Blue Aerosol10Not usefulUsefulness Flag *1UsefulDeep Blue Aerosol20No Confidence (or Fill)Confidence Flag *20MixedNot: Flags 2 and 3 are reversed1Dustfrom the Aerosol Type for core land only above3SulfateSpares3TBDCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target1DustSpares3TBDCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target10Spares3TBDCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target10Spares3TBDCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target10So Aerosol Usefulness Flag *10Combined Deep Blue & Dark Target20So Aerosol Usefulness Flag *20So Aerosol Usefulnes Flag *1So Aerosol Usefulnes Flag *2Good3Good2Good3Good3Good3Good3GoodGood3GoodGood3 <tr< td=""><td>Total ozone</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>	Total ozone			
Image: constraint of the second sec			1	TOMS
Image: constraint of the second sec			2	Climatology
Image: Problem in the second			3	
Image: Problem in the second	Total Precipitable Water	2	0	NCEP / GDAS
2 AOClimatology DAOSnow Cover20MOD3S* (MODIS L2 Cloud Mask) MOD10* (MODIS L3 Eight-day Snow Cover)Spares6TBDDeep Blue Aerosol10Not useful UsefulUsefulness Flag S1UsefulDeep Blue Aerosol20No Confidence (or Fill)Confidence Flag S20No Confidence (or Fill)Confidence Flag S20MixedDeep Blue Aerosol Type S20MixedDeep Blue Aerosol Type S20MixedDeep Blue Aerosol Type S20MixedNote: Flags 2 and 3 are reversed from the Aerosol Type (over land only) above3SulfateSpares3ITBDCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target SO Aerosol Usefulness Flag S1Not useful UsefulCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target SO Aerosol Confidence Flag S20Not confidence (or Fill)So Aerosol Confidence Flag S10Not useful UsefulSo Aerosol Confidence Flag S20No Confidence (or Fill)So Aerosol Confidence Flag S1Marginal 2GoodCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target So Aerosol Confidence Flag S20No Confidence (or Fill)So Aerosol Confidence Flag S20No Confidence (or Fill)So Aerosol Confidence Flag S1Marginal 2GoodCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target So Aerosol Confidence Flag S20Combined Deep Blue & Dark Ta			1	
Image: constraint of the second sec			2	
Image: constraint of the second sec				
Image: constraint of the second sec	Snow Cover	2	0	MOD35 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS L2 Cloud Mask)
Spares6TBDDeep Blue Aerosol10Not usefulUsefulness Flag \$1UsefulUsefulDeep Blue Aerosol20No Confidence (or Fill)Confidence Flag \$1Marginal2Good3Very GoodDeep Blue Aerosol Type \$20MixedNote: Flags 2 and 3 are reversed1Dustfrom the Aerosol Type (over land2Smokeonly) above3SulfateSpares3TBDCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target1050 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$20Combined Deep Blue & Dark Target2050 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$2042Soufate50 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$2050 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$204Marginal2Good3Yery Good		_		
Deep Blue Aerosol10Not usefulUsefulness Flag \$1UsefulDeep Blue Aerosol20No Confidence (or Fill)Confidence Flag \$1MarginalConfidence Flag \$2GoodDeep Blue Aerosol Type \$20Deep Blue Aerosol Type \$20Deep Blue Aerosol Type \$20Mixed1DustNote: Flags 2 and 3 are reversed1Dustfrom the Aerosol Type (over land2Smokeonly) above3SulfateSpares3TBDCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target1050 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$1UsefulCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target2050 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$2020No Confidence (or Fill)550 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$2042Good34Very Good	Spares	6		
Usefulness Flag \$1UsefulDeep Blue Aerosol20No Confidence (or Fill)Confidence Flag \$1MarginalConfidence Flag \$2GoodDeep Blue Aerosol Type \$20MixedDeep Blue Aerosol Type \$20MixedNote: Flags 2 and 3 are reversed1Dustfrom the Aerosol Type (over land2Smokeonly) above3SulfateSpares3TBDCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target10550 Aerosol Usefulness Flag \$20No Confidence (or Fill)550 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$3Very Good		1	0	Not useful
Deep Blue Aerosol Confidence Flag \$20No Confidence (or Fill)Confidence Flag \$1Marginal2Good3Very GoodDeep Blue Aerosol Type \$20MixedNote: Flags 2 and 3 are reversed1Dustfrom the Aerosol Type (over land2Smokeonly) above3SulfateSpares3TBDCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target10550 Aerosol Usefulness Flag \$20Combined Deep Blue & Dark Target20550 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$20Combined Deep Blue & Dark Target20550 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$20Combined Deep Blue & Dark Target20550 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$1Marginal20No Confidence (or Fill)550 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$1Marginal20Very Good			1	
Confidence Flag \$1MarginalConfidence Flag \$1GoodDeep Blue Aerosol Type \$20MixedDeep Blue Aerosol Type \$20MixedNote: Flags 2 and 3 are reversed1Dustfrom the Aerosol Type (over land2Smokeonly) above3SulfateSpares3TBDCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target10Sto Aerosol Usefulness Flag \$1UsefulSto Aerosol Confidence Flag \$20Sto Aerosol Confidence Flag \$20Sto Aerosol Confidence Flag \$20Sto Aerosol Confidence Flag \$20Sto Aerosol Confidence Flag \$3Very Good		2	0	No Confidence (or Fill)
2GoodDeep Blue Aerosol Type \$20MixedNote: Flags 2 and 3 are reversed1Dustfrom the Aerosol Type (over land2Smokeonly) above3SulfateSpares3TBDCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target10550 Aerosol Usefulness Flag \$20Combined Deep Blue & Dark Target20550 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$2063Useful550 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$2063Very Good73Yery Good			1	
Deep Blue Aerosol Type \$20MixedNote: Flags 2 and 3 are reversed1Dustfrom the Aerosol Type (over land2Smokeonly) above3SulfateSpares3TBDCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target10Not useful550 Aerosol Usefulness Flag \$1UsefulCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target20No Confidence (or Fill)550 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$1Marginal20Very Good	J. J		2	
Deep Blue Aerosol Type \$20MixedNote: Flags 2 and 3 are reversed1Dustfrom the Aerosol Type (over land2Smokeonly) above3SulfateSpares3TBDCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target10Not useful550 Aerosol Usefulness Flag \$1UsefulCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target20No Confidence (or Fill)550 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$1Marginal20Very Good			3	Very Good
Note: Flags 2 and 3 are reversed from the Aerosol Type (over land only) above1Dust2Smoke33Spares3Combined Deep Blue & Dark Target 550 Aerosol Usefulness Flag \$10Not usefulCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target 550 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$20No Confidence (or Fill)Spares20No Confidence (or Fill)Solf Aerosol Confidence Flag \$20No Confidence (or Fill)Solf Aerosol Confidence Flag \$3Yery Good	Deep Blue Aerosol Type <sup>\$</sup>	2	0	
from the Aerosol Type (over land only) above2Smoke SulfateSpares3TBDCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target 550 Aerosol Usefulness Flag \$10Not usefulCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target 550 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$20No Confidence (or Fill)S50 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$20No Confidence (or Fill)S50 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$20Very Good			1	Dust
only) above3SulfateSpares3TBDCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target10Not useful550 Aerosol Usefulness Flag \$1UsefulCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target20No Confidence (or Fill)550 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$1Marginal200Very Good	-		2	Smoke
Spares3TBDCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target10Not useful550 Aerosol Usefulness Flag \$1UsefulCombined Deep Blue & Dark Target20No Confidence (or Fill)550 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$1Marginal200Very Good			3	Sulfate
Combined Deep Blue & Dark Target       1       0       Not useful         550 Aerosol Usefulness Flag <sup>\$</sup> 1       Useful         Combined Deep Blue & Dark Target       2       0       No Confidence (or Fill)         550 Aerosol Confidence Flag <sup>\$</sup> 1       Marginal         2       Good       3       Very Good		3		
550 Aerosol Usefulness Flag <sup>\$</sup> 1     Useful       Combined Deep Blue & Dark Target     2     0     No Confidence (or Fill)       550 Aerosol Confidence Flag <sup>\$</sup> 1     Marginal       2     Good     3     Very Good	-		0	
Combined Deep Blue & Dark Target       2       0       No Confidence (or Fill)         550 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$       1       Marginal         2       Good       3       Very Good	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
550 Aerosol Confidence Flag \$       1       Marginal         2       Good         3       Very Good		2	•	
2 Good 3 Very Good	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2		
3 Very Good	ooo Acrosol Connidence Flag			Marginal
			2	Good

\* MOD prefix denotes MODIS/Terra (AM overpass) data -- MYD prefix should be substituted for MODIS/Aqua (PM overpass) data

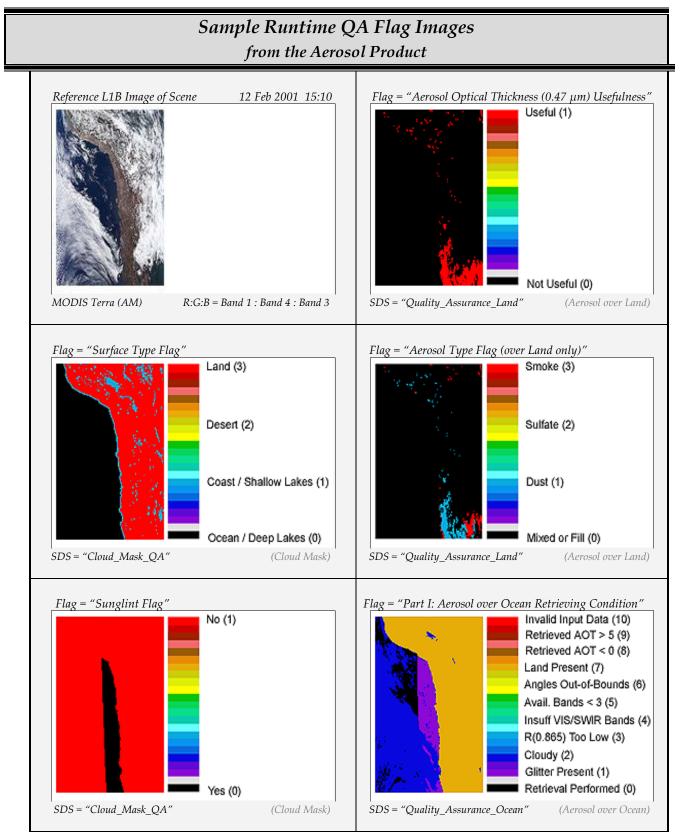
<sup>\$</sup> Implemented in PGE04 versions 5.3.0 and later (Initially implemented in the Collection 005 Aqua reprocess)

Scientific Data Set (SDS): "Qu		_	0
Description: <b>Product quality</b> as	nd retrieval proc	essing flags o	over Ocean
Length: 5 bytes (40 bits)	1	1	1
Flag Name	Number of Bits	Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions
Aerosol Parameters (Best Soln.)	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag		1	Useful
Aerosol Parameters (Best Soln.)	3	0	No Confidence (or Fill)
Confidence Flag		1	Marginal
		2	Good
		3	Very Good
Aerosol Parameters (Avg. Soln.)	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag		1	Useful
Aerosol Parameters (Avg. Soln.)	3	0	No Confidence (or Fill)
Confidence Flag		1	Marginal
		2	Good
		3	Very Good
	proc	essing path f	lags
Part I: Aerosol over Ocean	4	0	Retrieval is performed
Retrieving Condition when inversion		1	Glitter is present
is NOT performed.		2	Cloudy
		3	R (0.865 µm) too low for retrieving optical thickness
Note: $\tau$ (550 nm) fill value will be		4	Total number of available VIS / SWIR wavelength
output on conditions 1 through 10.			bands (from 550 to 1240 nm) is insufficient
		5	Total number of available wavelengths < 3
		6	Angles Out-of-Bounds
		7	Land present in 10 x 10 km box
		8	$\tau$ (550 nm) < -0.01; algorithm found negative values of
			optical thickness (there is a problem)
		9	$\tau$ (550 nm) > 5.0; out of bounds in lookup table
		10	All Channels do not have valid data

# Scientific Data Set (SDS): "Quality Assurance Ocean"

Part II: Aerosol over Ocean	4	0	Retrieval performed normally
Retrieving Condition when inversion		1	Number of useful pixels within 10 x 10 km box is < 10%
IS performed.		2	R (0.865 µm) low but large enough for retrieving optical
			thickness; the size distribution is questionable;
Note: $\tau$ (550 nm) retrieved value			$\eta = fill value$
will be output.on conditions 0		3	1.65 µm channel not used
through 10.		4	2.13 µm channel not used
		5	1.65 and 2.13 µm channels not used
Confidence Flag Notes:		6	Large uncertainty in both retrieved T and aerosol type
• If Retrieving Condition = 0,		7	Large uncertainty in retrieved T, but aerosol type is
then Confidence. Flag is set to		8	stable.
Very Good (3).		9	The best value of $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$ is larger than the threshold value
• <i>If</i> = 7or 14 then Confidence		10	(5%)
Flag is set to Good (2).		11	$-0.01 < \tau$ (550 nm) < 0 but to avoid bias in level 3 prod-
• <i>If</i> = 1, 3, 4, 6, 8 or 10, then			uct
Confidence Flag is set to		12	Glint angle between 30° and 40°
Marginal (1).		13	Glint: store only reflectance, SD and Number of pixels
• If = 2, 5, 9, 11, 12, 13, 15 then		14	used
Confidence Flag is set to No		15	Glint thick dust retrievals
Confidence (0).			Possible cirrus contamination
			Off glint thick dust retrievals
			No retrieval performed
	input	data resour	ce flags
Total Ozone	2	0	TOMS
		1	TOVS
		2	Climatology
		3	DAO
Total Precipitable Water	2	0	NCEP/GDAS
		1	MOD05 <sup>*</sup> NIR (MODIS Near-IR Water Vapor Retrieval)
		2	Climatology
		3	DAO
Snow Cover	2	0	MOD35 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS Cloud Mask)
		1	MOD10 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS Eight-day Snow Cover)
Spares	2		TBD
Spares	8		TBD
Spares	8		ТВD
	-	1	

\* MOD prefix denotes MODIS/Terra (AM overpass) data -- MYD prefix should be substituted for MODIS/Aqua (PM overpass) data



Note: Images were created by "bitflag\_visualizer", available at http://modis-atmos.gsfc.nasa.gov/tools\_bitflag\_visualizer.html.

## Water Vapor Product: MOD05\_L2 (Terra) & MYD05\_L2 (Aqua)

The Water Vapor (or Total Precipitable Water) product combines results from both the NIR (1×1 km) and IR algorithms (5 × 5 km). For near infrared (NIR) total precipitable water, the first byte contains cloud mask QA (1 × 1 km), and the second byte (a separate array from the cloud mask QA) contains NIR product quality and retrieval processing flags. For the five bytes of IR total precipitable water results, only product quality and retrieval processing flags are stored. Since IR total precipitable water results are copied from 07\_L2, the cloud mask related QA flags can be retrieved from 07\_L2, and therefore it will not be duplicated here in the 05\_L2 product. All Water Vapor QA Flag arrays have the following characteristics:

- Spatial resolution:  $1 \times 1$  km (NIR) and  $5 \times 5$  km (IR)
- Processing mode: Daytime only (NIR) and Both Day and Night (IR)

Scientific Data Set (SDS): <b>"Cloud_Mask_QA"</b> Description: Cloud mask QA flags at 1x1 km Length: 1 byte (8 bits)						
Flag Name	Number of Bits	Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions			
Cloud Mask Status Flag	1	0 1	Undetermined Determined			
Cloud Mask Cloudiness Flag	2	0 1 2 3	Confident Cloudy (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0) Probably Cloudy Probably Clear Confident Clear			
Day / Night Flag	1	0 1	Night (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0) Day			
Sunglint Flag	1	0 1	Yes (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0) No			
Snow / Ice Flag	1	0 1	Yes (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0) No			
Surface Type Flag	2	0 1 2 3	Ocean or Deep Lakes and Rivers (or Fill) Coast or Shallow Lakes and Rivers Desert Land			

Scientific Data Set (SDS): "Quality\_Assurance\_Near\_Infrared"

Description: Product quality and retrieval processing flags for Precipitable Water (Near IR) at 1x1 km Length: 1 byte (8 bits)

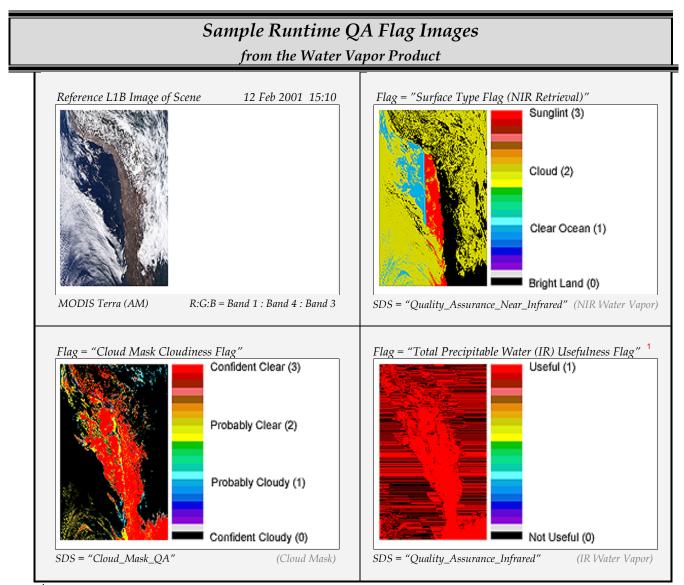
Flag Name	Number of Bits	Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions
Total Precipitable Water (NIR)	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag		1	Useful
Total Precipitable Water (NIR)	3	0	Bad (or Fill)
Confidence Flag		1	Marginal Confidence
		2	Good Confidence
		3	Very Good Confidence
Inversion Method Used (NIR)	2	0	Two channel ratio
		1	Three channel ratio
		2	No retrieval
Surface Type	2	0	Bright Land
		1	Clear Ocean
		2	Cloud
		3	Sunglint

Scientific Data Set (SDS): "Quality\_Assurance\_Infrared"

Description: Product quality and retrieval processing flags for Precipitable Water (IR) at 5x5 km Length: 5 bytes (40 bits)

Flag Name	Number of Bits	Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions
Total Precipitable Water (IR)	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag		1	Useful
Total Precipitable Water (IR)	3	0	Bad (or Fill)
Confidence Flag		1	Best Quality
		2	not currently used
		3	not currently used
Spares	4		ТВД
Number of Cloudy Pixels	Int 8	0-25	Number of 1 km Cloudy pixels n 5x5 retrieval area
Number of Clear Pixels	Int 8	0-25	Number of 1 km Clear pixels in 5x5 retrieval area
Number of Missing Pixels	Int 8	0-25	Number of 1 km Missing pixels in 5x5 retrieval area
IR Water Vapor Retrieval Method	2	0	Split Window (11-12 µm) Technique
Used		1	Integration of Moisture Profile
		2	Other
		3	No Retrieval
Spares	6		ТВD

"Flag is not reliable in Not Useful / Bad regions (i.e. Not Useful pixels are incorrectly tagged as Useful, etc. about 1/2 the time.)



<sup>1</sup> TPWIR Flags are copied from the 07\_L2 Atmospheric Profile product - - and all 07\_L2 Atmospheric Profile Usefulness and Confidence Flags are noisy.

Note: Images were created by "bitflag\_visualizer", available at http://modis-atmos.gsfc.nasa.gov/tools\_bitflag\_visualizer.html.

# Cloud Product: MOD06\_L2 (Terra) & MYD06\_L2 (Aqua)

The MODIS Cloud product consists of a 1 km set of parameters derived from solar reflectance channels (Cloud Optical Properties and Cirrus Reflectance) and a 5 km set of parameters determined from thermal emitted channels (Cloud Top Properties).

# **Cloud Optical Properties**

Cloud Optical Property QA flags are stored in 2 separate QA arrays (SDS's). The first SDS, *Cloud\_Mask\_1km*, contains Cloud Mask QA flags, which are copied from the 35\_L2 Cloud Mask product. The second SDS (*Quality\_Assurance\_1km*) contains product quality, retrieval processing, and scene characteristic flags. Detail is provided below.

- Spatial resolution: 1 x 1 km
- Processing mode: Daytime only

Scientific Data Set (SDS): "Cloud\_Mask\_1km" Description: Cloud mask QA flags at 1x1 km Length: 2 bytes (16 bits)

Lengin. 2 bytes (10 bits)			T
Flag Name	Number of Bits	Bit Value	Bit Value Definitions
Cloud Mask Status Flag	1	0	Undetermined <sup>n,f</sup>
		1	Determined
Cloud Mask Cloudiness Flag	2	0	Confident Cloudy (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0)
		1	Probably Cloudy
		2	Probably Clear
		3	Confident Clear
Day / Night Flag	1	0	Night $n, f$ (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0)
		1	Day
Sunglint Flag	1	0	Yes (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0)
		1	No
Snow / Ice Flag	1	0	Yes (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0)
		1	No
Surface Type Flag	2	0	Ocean or Deep Lakes and Rivers (or Fill)
		1	Coast or Shallow Lakes and Rivers
		2	Desert
		3	Land
Heavy Aerosol Flag	1	0	Yes $n, f$ (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0)
		1	No
Thin Cirrus Flag (Based on low	1	0	Yes (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0)
threshold using 1.38 μm band.)		1	No
Shadow Flag	1	0	Yes <sup>n,f</sup> (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0)
		1	No
Spares	5		TBD

Note that the *Quality\_Assurance\_1km* SDS in 06\_L2 HDF files was expanded from 5 bytes (in Collection 005/051) to 9 bytes (in Collection 006).

Scientific Data Set (SDS): <b>"Quality_Assurance_1km"</b> Description: <b>Cloud Optical Property product quality and retrieval processing QA flags at 1x1 km</b>				
Length: C006 = 9 bytes (72 bits	Number of Bits	051 = 5 bytes Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions	
Flag Name	NUMBER OF BILS	Bit values		
Primary (VNSWIR - 2.1 µm) Cloud	1	0	Not useful	
Optical Thickness Usefulness Flag		1	Useful	
Primary (VNSWIR - 2.1 µm) Cloud	2	0	No Confidence or Fill (Fill setting is used if both Cloudy COT	
Optical Thickness Confidence Flag			and Partly Cloudy (PCL) COT are fill)	
		1	Marginal Confidence (Marginal setting not used in C6)	
(This flag is not important in C6)		2	Good Confidence (Good setting not used in C6)	
		3	Very Good Confidence (Very Good setting is default for all	
			non-fill retrievals, however the QA might be associated with either a	
			non-fill Cloudy COT or a non-fill Partly Cloudy (PCL) COT, the	
			other might be fill)	
Spares	2			
Previously the Cloud Optical Thickness Out-of-Bounds Flag. Note: Library goes to				
158.78, but there is a hard cut-off now at 150.				
Primary (VNSWIR - 2.1 µm) Cloud	1	0	Not useful	
Effective Radius Usefulness Flag		1	Useful	
Primary (VNSWIR - 2.1 µm) Cloud	2	0	No Confidence or Fill (Fill setting is used if both Cloudy CER	
Effective Radius Confidence Flag			and Partly Cloudy (PCL) CER are fill)	
		1	Marginal Confidence (Marginal setting not used in C6)	
(This flag is not important in C6)		2	Good Confidence (Good setting not used in C6)	
		3	Very Good Confidence (Very Good setting is default for all	
			non-fill retrievals, however the QA might be associated with either a	
			non-fill Cloudy CER or a non-fill Partly Cloudy (PCL) CER, the	
			other might be fill)	
Primary (VNSWIR - 2.1 µm) Cloud	1	0	Not useful	
Water Path Usefulness Flag		1	Useful	
Primary (VNSWIR - 2.1 µm) Cloud	2	0	No Confidence or Fill (Fill setting is used if both Cloudy CWP	
Water Path Confidence Flag			and Partly Cloudy (PCL) CWP are fill)	
		1	Marginal Confidence (Marginal setting not used in C6)	
(This flag is not important in C6)		2	Good Confidence (Good setting not used in C6)	
		3	Very Good Confidence (Very Good setting is default for all	
		, j	non-fill retrievals, however the QA might be associated with either a	
			non-fill Cloudy CWP or a non-fill Partly Cloudy (PCL) CWP, the	
			other might be fill)	

Cloud Retrieval Phase Flag (Cloud Retrieval Phase Flag duplicated from	3	0	Cloud Mask Undetermined or Non-Snow Land <sup>n,f</sup> Not Processed (typically clear) <sup>f</sup>
the $3^{rd}$ byte). For combining with the 1.6 - 2.1		2	Liquid Water Cloud
µm Cloud Retrieval Outcome Flag (below).		3	Ice Cloud
Needed by L3 to properly compute 1621		4	Undetermined Phase Cloud
Cloud Fractions. (See page 25 of this Plan)			
1.6 - 2.1 μm	1	0	Retrieval not attempted or unsuccesful <sup>J</sup>
Cloud Retrieval Outcome Flag		1	Retrieval successful (over ocean, snow, & ice only)
The Cloud Retrieval Phase Flag and 1621			
Outcome Flag are read as a combined flag by L3 to properly compute 1621 Cloud Retrieval			
Fractions. (See page 25 of this Plan)			
Spare	1		ТВD
Cloud Retrieval Phase Flag	3	0	Cloud Mask Undetermined n,f
Primary Cloud Retrieval Phase Flag and		1	Not Processed (typically clear) <sup>f</sup>
Outcome Flag are read as a combined flag by		2	Liquid Water Cloud
L3 to properly compute Primary Cloud		3	Ice Cloud
Retrieval Fractions. (See page 25 of this Plan)		4	Undetermined Phase Cloud
Primary (VNSWIR - 2.1 µm)	1	0	Retrieval not attempted or unsuccessful <sup>f</sup>
Cloud Retrieval Outcome Flag		1	Retrieval successful
Primary Cloud Retrieval Phase Flag and			
Outcome Flag are read as a combined flag by			
L3 to properly compute Primary Cloud			
Retrieval Fractions. (See page 25 of this Plan)			
Rayleigh Correction	1	0	No
		1	Yes, correction was made
Atmospheric Water Vapor	1	0	No
Correction		1	Yes, correction was made
Band Used for Primary Optical	2	0	Retrieval not attempted <sup>f</sup>
Thickness Retrieval		1	0.645 μm (land)
		2	0.858 µm (water)
		3	1.24 µm (snow / ice)
1.6 - 2.1 µm Cloud Optical	1	0	Not useful
Thickness Usefulness Flag		1	Useful
1.6 - 2.1 µm Cloud Optical	2	0	No Confidence or Fill (Fill setting is used if both Cloudy COT
Thickness Confidence Flag			and Partly Cloudy (PCL) COT are fill)
		1	Marginal Confidence (Marginal setting not used in C6)
(This flag is not important in C6)		2	Good Confidence (Good setting not used in C6)
		3	Very Good Confidence (Very Good setting is default for all
			non-fill retrievals, however the QA might be associated with either a
			non-fill Cloudy COT or a non-fill Partly Cloudy (PCL) COT, the
			other might be fill)
1.6 - 2.1 µm Cloud Effective Radius	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag		1	Useful

4.0.04 www. Olaved Effective Dedive	0	0	
1.6 - 2.1 µm Cloud Effective Radius	2	0	No Confidence or Fill (Fill setting is used if both Cloudy CER
Confidence Flag			and Partly Cloudy (PCL) CER are fill)
		1	Marginal Confidence (Marginal setting not used in C6)
(This flag is not important in C6)		2	Good Confidence (Good setting not used in C6)
		3	Very Good Confidence (Very Good setting is default for all
			non-fill retrievals, however the QA might be associated with either a
			non-fill Cloudy CER or a non-fill Partly Cloudy (PCL) CER, the
			other might be fill)
Clear Sky Restoral Type Flag	2	0	Not Restored
		1	Tagged as "Partly Cloudy" (PCL) via Edge Detection
		2	Restored to Clear Sky via Spatial Variance
		3	Tagged as "Partly Cloudy" (PCL) via 250 meter Tests
1.6 - 2.1 µm Cloud Water Path	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag		1	Useful
1.6 - 2.1 µm Cloud Water Path	2	0	No Confidence or Fill (Fill setting is used if both Cloudy CWP
Confidence Flag			and Partly Cloudy (PCL) CWP are fill)
-		1	Marginal Confidence (Marginal setting not used in C6)
(This flag is not important in C6)		2	Good Confidence (Good setting not used in C6)
		3	Very Good Confidence (Very Good setting is default for all
			non-fill retrievals, however the QA might be associated with either a
			non-fill Cloudy CWP or a non-fill Partly Cloudy (PCL) CWP, the
			other might be fill)
Primary Cloud Retrieval	3	0	Cloud mask undetermined <sup>n, f</sup>
(VNSWIR - 2.1 µm)	5	1	Not Processed (typically clear) $f$
		2	
Multilayer Cloud & Phase Flag		3	Single-Layer Liquid Water Cloud
			Multi-Layer Liquid Water Cloud
		4	Single-Layer Ice Cloud
		5	Multi-Layer Ice Cloud
		6	Single-Layer Undetermined Phase Cloud
		7	Multi-Layer Undetermined Phase Cloud
Primary Cloud Retrieval	1	0	Retrieval not attempted or unsuccessful <sup>f</sup>
(VNSWIR - 2.1 μm)		1	Retrieval successful
Outcome Flag			
(Primary Cloud Retrieval Outcome Flag			
duplicated from the 3 <sup>rd</sup> byte). For combining with the Primary Cloud Retrieval Multilayer			
Cloud & Phase Flag (above). Needed by L3 to			
properly compute 1L & ML Cloud Fractions.			
Spare	1		TBD
Phase Difference Multilayer Test	1	0	No
		1	Yes
Delta Precipitable Water Multilayer	1	0	No
Test		1	Yes
Delta Precipitable Water at 900mb	1	0	No
Test		1	Yes

Tau Difference VIS-NIR Multilayer	1	0	Νο
Test		1	Yes
Pavolonis-Heidinger Multilayer Test	1	0	No
		1	Yes
Spares	3		TBD
VNSWIR - 1.6 µm	4	0	Cloud Mask Undetermined n, f
Cloud Retrieval Phase & Outcome		1	Not Processed (typically clear) <sup>f</sup>
(The Cloud Retrieval Phase Flag and		2	Failed Liquid Water Cloud Retrieval
Outcome Flag can be read as a "combined"		3	Failed Ice Cloud Retrieval
flag as documented here or read as separate		4	Failed Undetermined Phase Cloud Retrieval
flags the bit structure is identical. (See page		10	Successful Liquid Water Cloud Retrieval
25 of this Plan for details)		11	Successful Ice Cloud Retrieval
		12	Successful Undetermined Phase Cloud Retrieval
VNSWIR - 1.6 µm	4	0	Cloud Mask Undetermined n, f
PCL (Partly Cloudy)		1	Not Processed (typically clear) <sup>f</sup>
Cloud Retrieval Phase & Outcome		2	Failed Liquid Water Cloud Retrieval
(The Cloud Retrieval Phase Flag and		3	Failed Ice Cloud Retrieval
Outcome Flag can be read as a "combined"		4	Failed Undetermined Phase Cloud Retrieval
flag as documented here or read as separate		10	Successful Liquid Water Cloud Retrieval
flags the bit structure is identical. (See page		11	Successful Ice Cloud Retrieval
25 of this Plan for details)		12	Successful Undetermined Phase Cloud Retrieval
VNSWIR - 3.7 µm	4	0	Cloud Mask Undetermined n,f
Cloud Retrieval Phase & Outcome		1	Not Processed (typically clear) <sup>f</sup>
(The Cloud Retrieval Phase Flag and		2	Failed Liquid Water Cloud Retrieval
Outcome Flag can be read as a "combined"		3	Failed Ice Cloud Retrieval
flag as documented here or read as separate		4	Failed Undetermined Phase Cloud Retrieval
flags the bit structure is identical. (See page		10	Successful Liquid Water Cloud Retrieval
25 of this Plan for details)		11	Successful Ice Cloud Retrieval
		12	Successful Undetermined Phase Cloud Retrieval
VNSWIR - 3.7 µm	4	0	Cloud Mask Undetermined n, f
PCL (Partly Cloudy)		1	Not Processed (typically clear) <sup>f</sup>
Cloud Retrieval Phase & Outcome		2	Failed Liquid Water Cloud Retrieval
(The Cloud Retrieval Phase Flag and		3	Failed Ice Cloud Retrieval
Outcome Flag can be read as a "combined"		4	Failed Undetermined Phase Cloud Retrieval
flag as documented here or read as separate		10	Successful Liquid Water Cloud Retrieval
flags the bit structure is identical. (See page		11	Successful Ice Cloud Retrieval
25 of this Plan for details)		12	Successful Undetermined Phase Cloud Retrieval
1.6 - 2.1 µm	4	0	Cloud Mask Undetermined n,f
PCL (Partly Cloudy)		1	Not Processed (typically clear) <sup>f</sup>
Cloud Retrieval Phase & Outcome		2	Failed Liquid Water Cloud Retrieval
(The Cloud Retrieval Phase Flag and		3	Failed Ice Cloud Retrieval
Outcome Flag can be read as a "combined"		4	Failed Undetermined Phase Cloud Retrieval
flag as documented here or read as separate		10	Successful Liquid Water Cloud Retrieval
flags the bit structure is identical. (See page		11	Successful Ice Cloud Retrieval
25 of this Plan for details)		12	Successful Undetermined Phase Cloud Retrieval

VNSWIR - 2.1 µm (Primary)	4	0	Cloud Mask Undetermined <sup>n,f</sup>
PCL (Partly Cloudy)		1	Not Processed (typically clear) $f$
Cloud Retrieval Phase & Outcome		2	Failed Liquid Water Cloud Retrieval
(The Cloud Retrieval Phase Flag and		3	Failed Ice Cloud Retrieval
Outcome Flag can be read as a "combined"		4	Failed Undetermined Phase Cloud Retrieval
flag as documented here or read as separate		10	Successful Liquid Water Cloud Retrieval
flags the bit structure is identical. (See page		11	Successful Ice Cloud Retrieval
25 of this Plan for details)		12	Successful Undetermined Phase Cloud Retrieval

<sup>n</sup> Cloud Optical Property retrieval not attempted

 $^{f}% \left( f^{\prime}\right) =0$  fill values used for Cloud Optical Property retrieval

Some Cloud Optical Property QA flags always appear in adjascent pairs. One of the more important flag pairings is the **Cloud Retrieval Phase Flag** and the **Cloud Retrieval Outcome Flag**, which appear in a number of places in the 06\_L2 SDS *Quality\_Assurance\_1km*. It should be noted that each of these flag pairs (example shown in the first table below) can be read as a single "combined" flag and interpreted as shown in the second table below. This combining is how the Level-3 code correctly computes the *(Successful) Cloud\_Retrival\_Fraction* and the *(Successful Retrieval) Pixel\_Counts* statistics.

Further it should be noted that ALL of the **Cloud Retrieval Phase Flags** in the *Quality\_Assurance\_1km* SDS, contain identical information. That is, the Cloud Phase does NOT vary between the various Cloud Optical Property Retrieval Algorithms; however the adjascent **Retrieval Outcome Flags** contain information that varies depending on the Retrieval Algorithm. Therefore when you read these two flags - one repeated (phase) and one unique (outcome) -- as a single "combined" flag, one gets unique information on successful and failed retrievals for each of the three cloud phases in each of the various cloud optical property retrieval algorithms. See the 2<sup>nd</sup> table below.

Finally note that the 7<sup>th</sup> through 9<sup>th</sup> (last 3) bytes of the *Quality\_Assurance\_1km* SDS (documented on the previous pages of this QA Plan) are shown as having the "combined flag" format displayed in the second table below. Note that you can devolve those combined flags into separate flags as described in the first table below. These two formats are completely identical (and interchangeable) in terms of the bit structure of the QA array.

Note that "Phase Flag" and "Outcome Flag" pairs in Quality_Assurance_1km				
Flag Name	Number of Bits	Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions	
Cloud Retrieval Phase Flag	3	0	Cloud Mask Undetermined	
		1	Not Processed (typically clear)	
		2	Liquid Water Cloud	
		3	Ice Cloud	
		4	Undetermined Phase Cloud	
Cloud Retrieval Outcome Flag	1	0	Retrieval not attempted or unsuccesful	
		1	Retrieval successful	

can be read and interpreted this way				
Flag Name	Number of Bits	Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions	
Cloud Retrieval	4	0	Cloud Mask Undetermined	
Phase & Outcome Flag		1	Not Processed (typically clear)	
		2	Failed Liquid Water Cloud Retrieval	
		3	Failed Ice Cloud Retrieval	
		4	Failed Undetermined Phase Cloud Retrieval	
		10	Successful Liquid Water Cloud Retrieval	
		11	Successful Ice Cloud Retrieval	
		12	Successful Undetermined Phase Cloud Retrieval	

# **Cloud Top Properties**

Cloud Top Property QA flags are stored in 2 separate QA arrays (SDS's). The first SDS (*Cloud\_Mask\_5km, which is 2 bytes in length*) contains cloud mask QA flags, which are subsampled (every 5<sup>th</sup> line, every 5<sup>th</sup> pixel) from the Cloud Mask (35\_L2) product.

It should be noted that the *Cloud\_Mask\_5km* SDS was expanded from 1 byte to 2 bytes for Collection 006. The first byte remains the same as in Collection 005; the second byte is a reworked combination of flags in byte one, which were needed to correctly compute a number of new Surface Type parameters in Level-3.

The second SDS (*Quality\_Assurance\_5km*, *which is 10 bytes in length*) contains the product quality flags, retrieval processing flags, and and input data resource flags. Detail on the content of these two arrays is provided below. All Cloud Top Property QA Flag arrays have the following characteristics:

- Spatial resolution: 5 🗌 5 km
- Processing mode: Both Day and Night

Scientific Data Set (SDS): <b>"Cloud_Mask_5km"</b> Description: Cloud mask 1 km QA flags subsampled at 5 km (every 5 <sup>th</sup> line, every 5 <sup>th</sup> pixel) Length: C006 = 2 bytes (16 bits) C005/051 = 1 bytes (8 bits)				
Flag Name	Number of Bits	Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions	
Cloud Mask Status Flag	1	0 1	Undetermined Determined	
Cloud Mask Cloudiness Flag	2	0 1 2 3	Confident Cloudy (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0) Probably Cloudy Probably Clear Confident Clear	
Day / Night Flag	1	0 1	Night (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0) Day	
Sunglint Flag	1	0 1	Yes (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0) No	
Snow / Ice Flag	1	0 1	Yes (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0) No	
Surface Type Flag	2	0 1 2 3	Ocean or Deep Lakes and Rivers (or Fill) Coast or Shallow Lakes and Rivers Desert Land	

C6 Sunglint Flag (Retooled)	2	0	Fill <u>or</u> CTP retrieval fail
(Note: "Sunglint = Yes" goes from 0 above to 2 here)		1	No Sunglint & CTP retrieval success
		2	Sunglint & CTP retrieval success
C6 Snow / Ice Flag (Retooled)	2	0	Fill <u>or</u> CTP retrieval fail
(Note: "Snow/Ice = Yes" goes from 0 above to 2 here)		1	No Snow/Ice & CTP retrieval success
		2	Snow/Ice <mark>&amp; CTP retrieval success <sup>f</sup></mark>
C6 Surface Type Flag (Retooled)	3	0	Fill <u>or</u> CTP retrieval fail
(Note 1: Surface Type Flags are re-indexed here, as compared to the above (original) S.T.Flag)		1	Ocean, Deep Lakes and Rivers <mark>&amp; CTP retr. success</mark>
Note 2: Cloud Mask Status Flag must be 1 for categories 1 through 5 because Maddux wants the surface type the		2	Coast, Shallow Lakes and Rivers & CTP retr. success
cloud top properties were retrieved over		3	Desert <mark>&amp; CTP retrieval success</mark>
		4	Land & CTP retrieval success
		5	All other valid (non-fill) surface types <mark>&amp; CTP retr. succ.</mark>
Day / Night Flag	1	0	Night (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0)
(Note this spare bit was changed to the Day/Night Flag in 2013. Flag needed to be repeated for L3 Surface Types.		1	Day

<sup>*f*</sup> For Daytime: Snow or ice under thin clouds only using spectral test, which cannot detect snow under thick clouds. Flag hardwired to snow over Antarctic land. For Nighttime: Snow or ice under all clouds (using ancillary snowmask data).

## Scientific Data Set (SDS): "Quality\_Assurance\_5km"

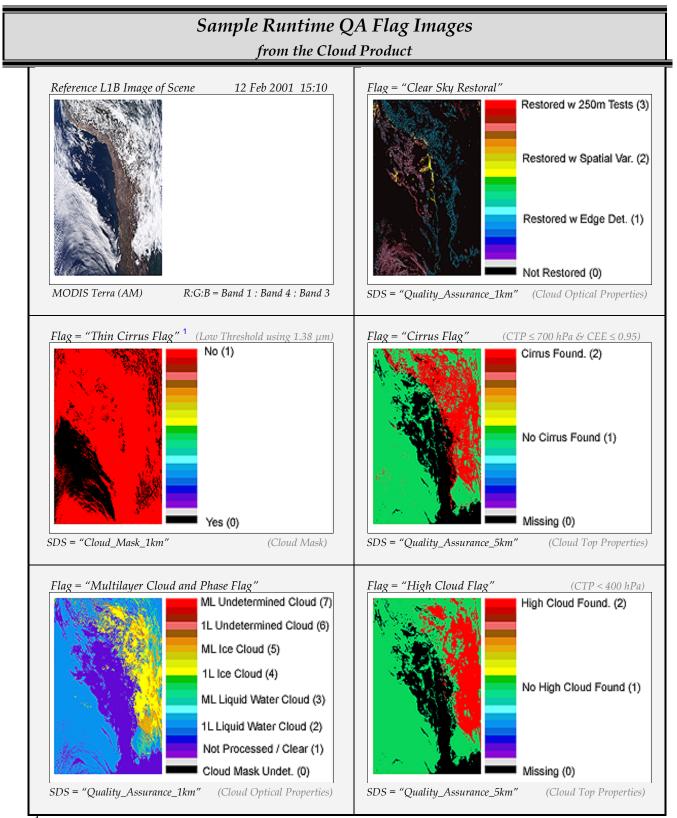
Description: Cloud Top Property product quality and retrieval processing QA flags at 5x5 km Length: 10 bytes (80 bits)

Flag Name	Number of Bits	Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions
Cloud Top Pressure Usefulness	1	0	Not useful
Flag		1	Useful
Cloud Top Pressure Confidence	3	0	Fill
Flag		1	Marginal Confidence (not currently used)
		2	Good Confidence (not currently used)
		3	Very Good Confidence
Cloud Top Temperature Usefulness	1	0	Not useful
Flag		1	Useful
Cloud Top Temperature Confidence	3	0	Fill
Flag		1	Marginal Confidence (not currently used)
		2	Good Confidence (not currently used)
		3	Very Good Confidence
Cloud Fraction Usefulness Flag	1	0	Not useful
		1	Useful
Cloud Fraction Confidence Flag	3	0	Fill
		1	Marginal Confidence (not currently used)
		2	Good Confidence (not currently used)
		3	Very Good Confidence
Cloud Effective Emissivity	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag		1	Useful

Cloud Effective Emissivity	3	0	Fill
Confidence Flag		1	Marginal Confidence (not currently used)
		2	Good Confidence (not currently used)
		3	Very Good Confidence
Cloud Phase Infrared Usefulness	1	0	Not useful
Flag		1	Useful
Cloud Phase Infrared Confidence	3	0	Fill
Flag		1	Marginal Confidence (mixed or undetermined phase)
		2	Good Confidence (not currently used)
		3	Very Good Confidence (ice or liquid water phase)
	proc	essing path f	lags
"Cirrus" Flag	2	0	Missing
(CTP ≤ <u>680</u> hPa & CEE ≤ 0.95)		1	Cloudy, No cirrus found
Note: Changed CTP threshold to 680		2	Cloudy, Cirrus found
(from 700) for C006		<mark>3</mark>	Clear Sky (New Category defined for C006)
"High Cloud" Flag	2	0	Missing
(CTP < <u>440</u> hPa)		1	Cloudy, No high cloud found
Note: Changed CTP threshold to 440		2	Cloudy, High cloud found
(from 400) for C006		<mark>3</mark>	Clear Sky (New Category defined for C006)
Number of Cloudy Pixels	Int 8	0-25	Number of 1 km cloudy pixels in 5x5 km retrieval area
Number of Clear Pixels	Int 8	0-25	Number of 1 km clear pixels in 5x5 km retrieval area
Number of Missing Pixels	h. ( 0	0-25	Number of 1 km missing pixels in 5x5 km retrieval area
	Int 8		
	Additional QA		ta resource flags
Cloud Top Height			<i>ta resource flags</i> Not useful
	Additional QA	and input dat	
Cloud Top Height	Additional QA	and input dat 0	Not useful
Cloud Top Height Usefulness Flag	Additional QA a	and input dat 0 1	Not useful Useful
Cloud Top Height Usefulness Flag Cloud Top Height	Additional QA a	and input dat 0 1 0	Not useful Useful Fill
Cloud Top Height Usefulness Flag Cloud Top Height	Additional QA a	<i>and input dat</i> 0 1 0 1	Not useful Useful Fill Marginal Confidence <i>(not currently used)</i>
Cloud Top Height Usefulness Flag Cloud Top Height	Additional QA a	<i>and input dat</i> 0 1 0 1 2	Not useful         Useful         Fill         Marginal Confidence (not currently used)         Good Confidence (not currently used)
Cloud Top Height Usefulness Flag Cloud Top Height Confidence Flag	Additional QA d	<i>and input dat</i> 0 1 0 1 2 3	Not useful Useful Fill Marginal Confidence <i>(not currently used)</i> Good Confidence <i>(not currently used)</i> Very Good Confidence
Cloud Top Height Usefulness Flag Cloud Top Height Confidence Flag Overshooting Thunderstorm Top	Additional QA d	0 1 0 1 2 3 0	Not useful         Useful         Fill         Marginal Confidence (not currently used)         Good Confidence (not currently used)         Very Good Confidence         Fill
Cloud Top Height Usefulness Flag Cloud Top Height Confidence Flag Overshooting Thunderstorm Top	Additional QA d	<i>and input dat</i> 0 1 0 1 2 3 0 1	Not useful         Useful         Fill         Marginal Confidence (not currently used)         Good Confidence (not currently used)         Very Good Confidence         Fill         No Overshooting Thunderstorm Top Found
Cloud Top Height Usefulness Flag Cloud Top Height Confidence Flag Overshooting Thunderstorm Top	Additional QA d	<i>and input dat</i> 0 1 0 1 2 3 0 1	Not useful         Useful         Fill         Marginal Confidence (not currently used)         Good Confidence (not currently used)         Very Good Confidence         Fill         No Overshooting Thunderstorm Top Found
Cloud Top Height Usefulness Flag Cloud Top Height Confidence Flag Overshooting Thunderstorm Top Flag	Additional QA d 1 3 2	<i>and input dat</i> 0 1 0 1 2 3 0 1 2	Not useful Useful Fill Marginal Confidence <i>(not currently used)</i> Good Confidence <i>(not currently used)</i> Very Good Confidence Fill No Overshooting Thunderstorm Top Found Overshooting Thunderstorm Top Found
Cloud Top Height Usefulness Flag Cloud Top Height Confidence Flag Overshooting Thunderstorm Top Flag	Additional QA d 1 3 2	<i>and input dat</i> 0 1 0 1 2 3 0 1 2 0 1 2 0	Not useful         Useful         Fill         Marginal Confidence (not currently used)         Good Confidence (not currently used)         Very Good Confidence         Fill         No Overshooting Thunderstorm Top Found         Overshooting Thunderstorm Top Found         MOD35 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS Cloud Mask)
Cloud Top Height Usefulness Flag Cloud Top Height Confidence Flag Overshooting Thunderstorm Top Flag	Additional QA d 1 3 2	<i>and input dat</i> 0 1 0 1 2 3 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2	Not useful         Useful         Fill         Marginal Confidence (not currently used)         Good Confidence (not currently used)         Very Good Confidence         Fill         No Overshooting Thunderstorm Top Found         Overshooting Thunderstorm Top Found         MOD35 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS Cloud Mask)         Forward calculation from model (NCEP GDAS)         Other
Cloud Top Height Usefulness Flag Cloud Top Height Confidence Flag Overshooting Thunderstorm Top Flag Clear Radiance Origin	Additional QA d 1 3 2 2	<i>and input dat</i> 0 1 0 1 2 3 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2	Not useful         Useful         Fill         Marginal Confidence (not currently used)         Good Confidence (not currently used)         Very Good Confidence         Fill         No Overshooting Thunderstorm Top Found         Overshooting Thunderstorm Top Found         MOD35 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS Cloud Mask)         Forward calculation from model (NCEP GDAS)
Cloud Top Height Usefulness Flag Cloud Top Height Confidence Flag Overshooting Thunderstorm Top Flag Clear Radiance Origin	Additional QA d 1 3 2 2	<i>and input dat</i> 0 1 0 1 2 3 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3 0 0 1 2 3 0 0 1 2 3 0 0 1 2 3 0 0 1 2 3 0 0 1 2 3 0 0 1 2 3 0 0 1 2 3 0 0 1 2 3 0 0 1 2 3 0 0 1 2 0 0 1 2 0 0 1 2 0 0 1 2 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Not useful         Useful         Fill         Marginal Confidence (not currently used)         Good Confidence (not currently used)         Very Good Confidence         Fill         No Overshooting Thunderstorm Top Found         Overshooting Thunderstorm Top Found         MOD35* (MODIS Cloud Mask)         Forward calculation from model (NCEP GDAS)         Other         NCEP GDAS

T ( D ())			
Temperature Profile	2	0	NCEP GDAS
		1	GMAO
		2	AIRS / AMSU
		3	Other
Dir	2	0	NCEP GDAS
Surface Temperature Over Land		1	GMAO
		2	MOD11 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS Land Surface Temperature)
		3	Other
Surface Temperature Over Ocean	2	0	Reynolds blended
		1	GMAO
		2	MOD28 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS Sea Surface Temperature)
		3	Other
Surface Pressure	2	0	NCEP GDAS
		1	GMAO
		2	Other
Topography	2	0	EOS DEM
		1	Other
Surface Emissivity	2	0	CERES
		1	MOD11 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS Land Surface Temperature)
Surface Type	2	0	Loveland 1 km NA
		1	Olson Ecosystem
		2	MOD12 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS Land Cover)
		3	Other
	add	itional QA fl	aos
Cloud Height Category	3	0	Fill (Missing data)
	Ŭ	1	Clear Sky <sup>1</sup>
		2	Cloudy, but not retrieved (retrieval failed) <sup>2</sup>
		3	Low Clouds (CTP $\ge$ 680 hPa)
		4	Middle Clouds (680 hPa > CTP $\ge$ 440 hPa)
		5	High Clouds (CTP < 440 hPa)
Nadir View Apple Flog	2		
Nadir View Angle Flag	2	0	Fill (Missing data) Near Nadir View Angle (View Angle ≤ 32°)
Cloud Height Method	2	2	Oblique View Angle (View Angle > 32°)
Cloud Height Method	3	0	Fill (Missing data)
(Note: Index's 0-4 and 6 were set to match the		1	CO <sub>2</sub> Slicing (band 36/35)
Cloud_Height_Method SDS. Index 5 is not used in the		2	CO <sub>2</sub> Slicing (band 35/34)
Cloud_Height_Method SDS, a new category 5 was added		3	CO <sub>2</sub> Slicing (band 35/33)
here)		4	$CO_2$ Slicing (band 34/33)
		5	Cloudy, but not retrieved (retrieval failed) <sup>2</sup>
		6	IR Window
		7	Clear Sky <sup>1</sup>

\* MOD prefix denotes MODIS/Terra (AM overpass) data -- MYD prefix should be substituted for MODIS/Aqua (PM overpass) data. 1 By setting "explicit clear sky" scenes in the Cloud Height Category Flag above, it would allow a true L<sub>4</sub>M,H cloud fraction to be computed in L3. 2 Cloudy, but not retrieved (retrieval failed) information was requested by Brent Maddox.



<sup>1</sup> Note: "Thin Cirrus Flag" from Cloud Mask is suspect (*due to* 1.38 μm test limitations) for portions of this granule. Note: Images were created by "bitflag\_visualizer", available at http://modis-atmos.gsfc.nasa.gov/tools\_bitflag\_visualizer.html.

## Atmospheric Profile Product: MOD07\_L2 (Terra) & MYD07\_L2 (Aqua)

Atmospheric Profile QA flags are stored in 3 separate QA arrays (SDS's). The first SDS (*Cloud\_Mask*, 1 byte in length) contains cloud mask QA flags, which are subsampled (every 5<sup>th</sup> line, every 5<sup>th</sup> pixel) from the Cloud Mask (35\_L2) product. The second SDS (*Quality\_Assurance*, 10 bytes in length) contains the product quality flags, retrieval processing flags, and and input data resource flags for all products except Water Vapor. The third SDS (*Quality\_Assurance\_Infrared*, 5 bytes in length) contains the product quality flags, retrieval processing flags, and and input data resource flags for all products except Water Vapor. The third SDS (*Quality\_Assurance\_Infrared*, 5 bytes in length) contains the product quality flags, retrieval processing flags, and and input data resource flags for Water Vapor (using the IR method). Detail on the content of these three arrays is provided below. All Atmospheric Profile QA Flag arrays have the following characteristics:

- Spatial resolution: 5 × 5 km
- Processing mode: Both Day and Night

Scientific Data Set (SDS): **"Cloud\_Mask"** Description: Cloud Mask QA flags subsampled at 5 km (every 5<sup>th</sup> line, every 5<sup>th</sup> pixel) Length: 1 byte (8 bits)

Flag Name	Number of Bits	Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions
Cloud Mask Status Flag	1	0	Undetermined
		1	Determined
Cloud Mask Cloudiness Flag	2	0	Confident Cloudy (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0)
		1	Probably Cloudy
		2	Probably Clear
		3	Confident Clear
Day / Night flag	1	0	Night (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0)
		1	Day
Sunglint Flag	1	0	Yes (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0)
		1	No
Snow / Ice Flag	1	0	Yes (or Fill, if Status Flag = 0)
		1	No
Surface Type Flag	2	0	Ocean or Deep Lakes and Rivers (or Fill)
		1	Coast or Shallow Lakes and Rivers
		2	Desert
		3	Land

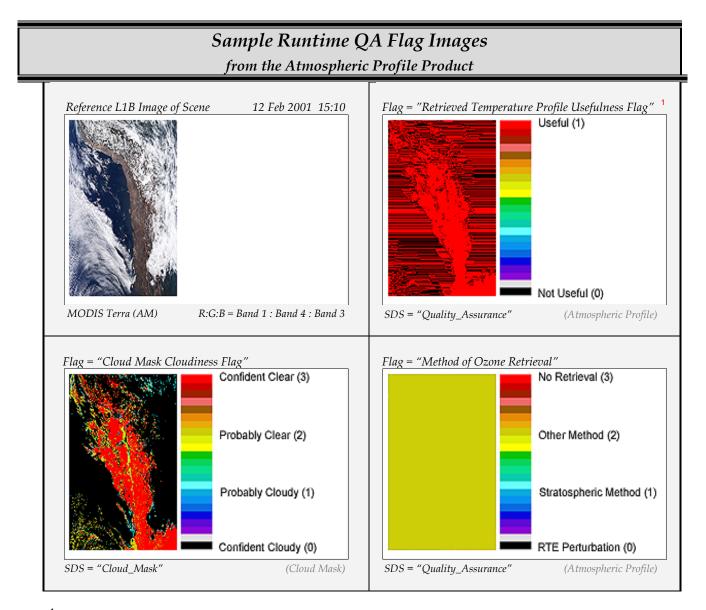
Scientific Data Set (SDS): <b>"Quality_Assurance"</b> Description: Atmospheric Profile product quality and retrieval processing QA flags at 5x5 km Length: 10 bytes (80 bits)			
Flag Name	Number of Bits	Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions
Retrieved Temperature Profile	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag		1	Useful
Retrieved Temperature Profile	3	0	Fill (Bad or Cloudy)
Confidence Flag		1	Best Quality
-		2	not currently used
		3	not currently used
Retrieved Moisture Profile	1	0	Not useful
n Usefulness Flag		1	Useful
Retrieved Moisture Profile	3	0	Fill (Bad or Cloudy)
Confidence Flag	-	1	Best Quality
		2	not currently used
		3	not currently used
Total Ozone Burden	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag		1	Useful
Total Ozone Burden	3	0	Fill (Bad or Cloudy)
Confidence Flag	5	1	Best Quality
Confidence Flag			
		2	not currently used
Chability Indiana (Lifted Index)		3	not currently used
Stability Indices (Lifted Index)	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag		1	
Stability Indices (Lifted Index)	3	0	Fill (Bad or Cloudy)
Confidence Flag		1	Best Quality
		2	not currently used
		3	not currently used
Stability Indices (K Index)	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag		1	Useful
Stability Indices (K Index)	3	0	Fill (Bad or Cloudy)
Confidence Flag		1	Best Quality
		2	not currently used
		3	not currently used
Stability Indices (Total Totals)	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag		1	Useful
Stability Indices (Total Totals)	3	0	Fill (Bad or Cloudy)
Confidence Flag		1	Best Quality
		2	not currently used
		3	not currently used

Number of Cloudy Pixels	Int 8	0-25	Number of 1km cloudy pixels in 5x5 km retrieval area
Number of Clear Pixels	Int 8	0-25	Number of 1km clear pixels in 5x5 km retrieval area
Number of Missing Pixels	Int 8	0-25	Number of 1km missing pixels in 5x5 km retrieval area
Method of Profiles Retrieval	2	0	Statistical
		1	Physical
		2	Other
		3	No retrieval
Method of Ozone Retrieval	2	0	RTE Perturbation
		1	Upper and Lower stratospheric ozone method
		2	Other
		3	No retrieval
Spares	4		твр
	input	data resourc	e flags
Guess Moisture profile	2	0	NCEP GDAS
		1	GMAO
		2	AIRS / AMSU
		3	Other
Guess Temperature Profile	2	0	NCEP GDAS
		1	GMAO
		2	AIRS / AMSU
		3	Other
Surface Temperature Over Land	2	0	NCEP GDAS
		1	GMAO
		2	MOD11 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS Land Surface Temperature)
Surface Temperature Over Ocean	2	0	Reynolds blended
		1	GMAO
		2	MOD28 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS Sea Surface Temperature)
		3	Other
Surface Pressure	2	0	NCEP GDAS
		1	GMAO
		2	Other
Ozone First Guess Profile	2	0	TOMS
		1	TOVS
		2	GMAO
		3	Other
Spares	4		TBD
Spares	8		ТВD

\* MOD prefix denotes MODIS/Terra (AM overpass) data -- MYD prefix should be substituted for MODIS/Aqua (PM overpass) data. <sup>n</sup> Flag is not reliable in Not Useful / Bad regions (i.e. Not Useful pixels are incorrectly tagged as Useful, etc. about ½ the time.)

Scientific Data Set (SDS): <b>"Quality_Assurance_Infrared"</b> Description: <b>Product quality and retrieval processing flags for Precipitable Water (IR) at 5x5 km</b> Length: <b>5 bytes (40 bits)</b>			
Flag Name	Number of Bits	Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions
Total Precipitable Water (IR)	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag		1	Useful
Total Precipitable Water (IR)	3	0	Fill (Bad or Cloudy)
Confidence Flag		1	Best Quality
		2	not currently used
		3	not currently used
Spares	4		ТВД
Number of Cloudy Pixels	Int 8	0-25	Number of 1 km Cloudy pixels n 5x5 retrieval area
Number of Clear Pixels	Int 8	0-25	Number of 1 km Clear pixels in 5x5 retrieval area
Number of Missing Pixels	Int 8	0-25	Number of 1 km Missing pixels in 5x5 retrieval area
IR Water Vapor Retrieval	2	0	Split Window (11-12 μm) Technique
Method Used		1	Integration of Moisture Profile
		2	Other
		3	No Retrieval
Spares	6		ТВД

<sup>n</sup> Flag is not reliable in Not Useful / Bad regions (i.e. Not Useful pixels are incorrectly tagged as Useful, etc. about ½ the time.)



<sup>1</sup> All 07\_L2 Atmospheric Profile Usefulness (and Confidence) Flags are noisy.

Collection 006 Suggestion: Remove noise from all Usefulness and Confidence Flags in the 07\_L2 Atmospheric Profile product. Note: Images were created by "bitflag\_visualizer", available at http://modis-atmos.gsfc.nasa.gov/tools\_bitflag\_visualizer.html.

Note: The local version of the Cloud Mask QA flags in the 07\_L2 Atmospheric Profile product are stored in an SDS named "Cloud\_Mask." Users should note that this array is different from the primary "Cloud\_Mask" array stored in 35\_L2 Cloud Mask product, which has the same name.

## Cloud Mask Product: MOD35\_L2 (Terra) & MYD35\_L2 (Aqua)

For the Cloud Mask product, the QA flags are stored in a single ten byte SDS (called *Quality\_Assurance*) containing the product quality flags, retrieval processing flags and input data resource flags. The Cloud Mask QA Flag array has the following characteristics:

- Spatial resolution:  $1 \times 1$  km and  $250 \times 250$  m
- Processing mode: Both Day and Night

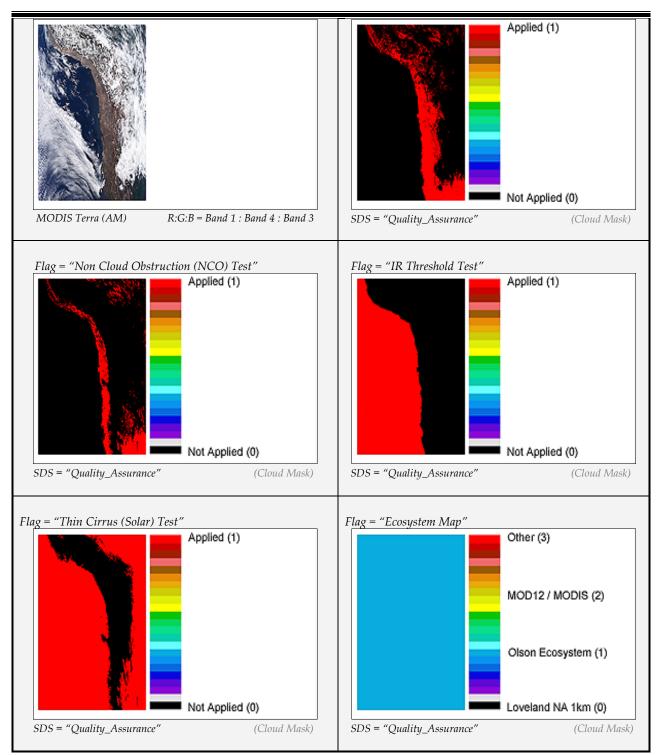
Scientific Data Set (SDS): <b>"Quality_Assurance"</b> Description: Cloud Mask QA flags at 1 km and 250 m Length: 10 bytes (80 bits)			
Flag Name	Number of Bits	Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions
Cloud Mask (1 km)	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag		1	Useful
Cloud Mask (1 km)	3	0	Lowest Confidence
Confidence Flag		1	Not Used
		2	Not Used
		3	Not Used
		4	Intermediate Confidence
		5	Not Used
		6	High Confidence
		7	Highest Confidence
Spares	4		твр
	individua	l test applica	tion flags
Non Cloud Obstruction (NCO) Test	1	0	Not Applied
(Spectral tests for fire, smoke, & dust)		1	Applied
Thin Cirrus (Solar) Test	1	0	Not Applied
		1	Applied
Snow Cover from Ancillary Data	1	0	Ancillary Data Not Tested
		1	Ancillary Data Tested
Thin Cirrus (IR) Test	1	0	Not Applied
		1	Applied
Cloud Adjacency Test	1	0	Not Applied
(nearest neighbor pixels)		1	Applied
IR Threshold Test	1	0	Not Applied
		1	Applied
High Cloud (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Test	1	0	Not Applied
· <u> </u>		1	Applied
High Cloud (6.7 µm) Test	1	0	Not Applied
- · · ·		1	Applied

High Cloud (1.38 µm) Test	1	0	Not Applied
High Cloud (1.36 µm) Test	I	1	
Llick Cloud (2.0.42 um) Test			Applied
High Cloud (3.9-12 µm) Test	1	0	Not Applied
<b>T</b>		1	Applied
Transmissive High Cloud (11-12	1	0	Not Applied
μm) Test		1	Applied
3.9-11 µm Test	1	0	Not Applied
		1	Applied
0.412/0.68/0.86 µm Reflectance	1	0	Not Applied
Test		1	Applied
0.86/0.68 Ratio Test	1	0	Not Applied
		1	Applied
Clear Sky Restoral Test	1	0	Not Applied
(Coastal NDVI)		1	Applied
7.3-11 μm Test	1	0	Not Applied
(night land, night snow, polar night)		1	Applied
Ocean 8.6-11 µm Test	1	0	Not Applied
		1	Applied
Clear Sky Restoral Test	1	0	Not Applied
(Spatial variability, water)		1	Applied
Clear Sky Restoral Tests	1	0	Not Applied
(Polar night, land, sun-glint)		1	Applied
Surface Temperature Test	1	0	Not Applied
		1	Applied
Suspended Dust Test	1	0	Not Applied
		1	Applied
Night Ocean 8.6-7.3 µm Test	1	0	Not Applied
		1	Applied
Night Ocean 11 µm Spatial	1	0	Not Applied
Variability Test		1	Applied
Night Ocean Low Cloud Test	1	0	Not Applied
(3.9-11 μm)		1	Applied
250 m Visible Tests	1 (16)	0	Not Applied
(Repeated 16 times)	1 (10)	1	Applied
	inner I -		
Number of bands of the state		ta informatio	
Number of bands used to generate	2	0	None
cloud mask		1	1-7
		2	8-14
		3	15-21
Number of spectral tests used to	2	0	None
generate cloud mask		1	1-3
		2	4-6
		3	7-9
Spares	4		TBD

	input	data resourc	
Clear Radiance Origin	2	0	MOD35 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS Cloud Mask)
		1	Forward calculation from NCEP GDAS model
		2	Other
Surface Temperature Over Land	2	0	NCEP GDAS
		1	GMAO
		2	MOD11 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS Land Surface Temperature)
		3	Other
Surface Temperature Over Ocean	2	0	Reynolds blended
		1	GMAO
		2	MOD28 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS Sea Surface Temperature)
		3	Other
Surface Winds	2	0	NCEP GDAS
		1	GMAO
		2	Other
Ecosystem Map	2	0	Loveland NA 1 km
		1	Olson Ecosystem
		2	MOD12 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS Land Cover)
		3	Other
Snow Mask	2	0	MOD33 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS Snow Cover)
		1	SSMI product
		2	Other
Ice Cover	2	0	MOD42 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS Sea Ice)
		1	SSMI product
		2	Other
Land/Sea Mask	2	0	USGS 1 km 6 level
		1	USGS 1 km binary
		2	Other
Digital Elevation Model	1	0	EOS DEM
		1	Not used
Precipitable Water	2	0	NCEP GDAS
		1	GMAO
		2	MOD07 <sup>*</sup> (MODIS Atmospheric Profile)
Spares	5	T	ТВО

\* MOD prefix denotes MODIS/Terra (AM overpass) data -- MYD prefix should be substituted for MODIS/Aqua (PM overpass) data. Note: All Cloud Mask Tests are described in the Cloud Mask Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document (ATBD).

	Sample Runtime QA Flag Images			
	from the Cloud Mask Product			
T	Reference L1B Image of Scene	12 Feb 2001 15:10	Flag = "Shadow Detection Test"	
	Reference LID Image of Scene	12 1 00 2001 15.10	Tug - Shuudw Detection Test	



Note: Images were created by "bitflag\_visualizer", available at http://modis-atmos.gsfc.nasa.gov/tools\_bitflag\_visualizer.html.

## Joint Atmosphere Product: MODATML2 (Terra) & MYDATML2 (Aqua)

The *post-launch* Level 2 (L2) Joint Atmosphere product contains a spectrum of key parameters gleaned from the complete set of standard *at-launch* L2 products: Aerosol, Water Vapor, Cloud, Profile, and Cloud Mask. The L2 Joint Atmosphere product was designed to provide a convenient way to obtain the "greatest hits"" of MODIS Atmosphere within a single HDF file – small enough to minimize data transfer and storage requirements, yet robust enough to be useful to a significant number of MODIS data users. Scientific data sets (SDS"s) contained within the L2 Joint Atmosphere product are stored at 5 km and 10 km (at nadir) spatial resolutions.

It should be noted that standard L2 parameters, which are retrieved at 1 km resolution, are subsampled at 5 km (every 5<sup>th</sup> line, every 5<sup>th</sup> pixel) for inclusion in the L2 Joint Atmosphere Product. This means that the *Cloud\_Quality\_Assurance* SDS (detailed below) matches exactly the *Quality\_Assurance\_1km* SDS contained within the Cloud (06\_L2) product, except that it is sub-sampled at 5 km resolution. The *Aerosol\_Quality\_Assurance* array (also detailed below) is stored at its native resolution of 10 km, however it only contains a small subset of the flags found within the source *Quality\_Assurance\_Land* and *Quality\_Assurance\_Ocean* SDS's in the Aerosol (04\_L2) product. All Joint Atmosphere QA Flag arrays have the following characteristics:

• Spatial resolution: 5x5 km (Cloud Optical Properties) & 10x10 km (Aerosol)

Scientific Data Set (SDS): "Cloud_Quality_Assurance" Description: Cloud Optical Property QA flags subsampled at 5 km resolution Length: 5 bytes (40 bits)			
Flag Name	Number of Bits	Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions
Cloud Optical Thickness ( $\tau$ )	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag		1	Useful
Cloud Optical Thickness ( $\tau$ )	2	0	No Confidence or Fill
Confidence Flag		1	Marginal Confidence
		2	Good Confidence
		3	Very Good Confidence
Cloud Optical Thickness ( $\tau$ )	2	0	Within bounds (0 < $\tau \le 100$ ) or Fill
Out-of-Bounds Flag		1	$100 < \tau \le 150$
		2	τ > 150
Cloud Effective Radius	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag		1	Useful
Cloud Effective Radius	2	0	No Confidence or Fill
Confidence Flag		1	Marginal Confidence
		2	Good Confidence
		3	Very Good Confidence

• Processing mode: Daytime only

Cloud Water Path	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag	Į.	1	Useful
Cloud Water Path	2	0	No Confidence or Fill
Confidence Flag	2	1	Marginal Confidence
Confidence riag		2	Good Confidence
		3	Very Good Confidence
1.6 / 2.1 μm Cloud Retrieval	3	0	Cloud Mask Undetermined or Non-Snow Land <sup>n,f</sup>
	3	-	
Phase Flag		1	Not Processed (typ. clear) over Ocean, Snow, Ice <sup>f</sup>
Note: Retrieval performed only		2	Liquid Water Cloud
over ocean, snow, & ice. Cloud		3	Ice Cloud
phase determined by Cloud Mask,		4	Undetermined Phase Cloud
IR, & SWIR-based decision tree.			line in the second s
1.6 / 2.1 µm Cloud Retrieval	1	0	1.6 / 2.1 $\mu$ m retrieval not attempted or unsuccessful <sup>J</sup>
Outcome		1	1.6 / 2.1 µm retrieval successful
Spare	1		TBD
Primary Cloud Retrieval	3	0	Cloud Mask Undetermined (missing) <sup>n,f</sup>
Phase Flag		1	Not Processed (typically clear) <sup>f</sup>
Note: Cloud phase determined by		2	Liquid Water Cloud
Cloud Mask, IR, & SWIR-based		3	Ice Cloud
decision tree.		4	Undetermined Phase Cloud
Primary Cloud Retrieval	1	0	Retrieval not attempted or unsuccessful $^{f}% \left( f^{\prime}\right) =0$
Outcome		1	Retrieval successful
Rayleigh Correction	1	0	No
		1	Yes
Atmospheric Correction	1	0	No
		1	Yes
Band Used for Primary Optical	2	0	Retrieval not attempted <sup>f</sup>
Thickness Retrieval		1	0.645 μm (land)
		2	0.858 µm (water)
		3	1.24 µm (snow / ice)
1.6 / 2.1 µm Cloud Optical	1	0	Not useful
Thickness (τ) Usefulness Flag		1	Useful
1.6 / 2.1 µm Cloud Optical	2	0	No Confidence or Fill
Thickness (τ) Confidence Flag	-	1	Marginal Confidence
		2	Good Confidence
		3	Very Good Confidence
1.6 / 2.1 µm Cloud Effective Radius	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag	1	1	Useful
1.6 / 2.1 µm Cloud Effective Radius	2	0	No Confidence or Fill
	2		Marginal Confidence
Confidence Flag		1	Good Confidence
		2	
		3	Very Good Confidence

Clear Sky Restoral	2	0	Not Restored
olear oky nestoral	2	1	
		1	Restored via Edge Detection
		2	Restored via Spatial Variance
		3	Restored via 250 m Tests
1.6 / 2.1 µm Cloud Water Path	1	0	Not useful
Usefulness Flag		1	Useful
1.6 / 2.1 µm Cloud Water Path	2	0	No Confidence or Fill
Confidence Flag		1	Marginal Confidence
		2	Good Confidence
		3	Very Good Confidence
Primary Cloud Retrieval	3	0	Cloud mask undetermined (missing) <sup>n,f</sup>
Multilayer Cloud & Phase Flag		1	Not Processed (typically clear) <sup>f</sup>
		2	Single Layer Liquid Water Cloud
		3	Multi Layer Liquid Water Cloud
		4	Single Layer Ice Cloud
		5	Multi Layer Ice Cloud
		6	Single Layer Undetermined Phase Cloud
		7	Multi Layer Undetermined Phase Cloud
Primary Cloud Retrieval Outcome	1	0	Retrieval not attempted or unsuccessful f
(flag duplicated from 3 <sup>rd</sup> byte)		1	Retrieval successful
Spare	1		TBD

<sup>n</sup> Cloud Optical Property retrieval not attempted

f fill values used for Cloud Optical Property retrieval

### Scientific Data Set (SDS): "Aerosol\_Quality\_Assurance"

Description: Aerosol QA flags (a small subset of flags only) at 10x10 km resolution

Length: 1 byte (8 bits)

Flag Name	Number of Bits	Bit Values	Bit Value Definitions
Aerosol Optical Depth Land 0.47	2	0	No Confidence or Fill
µm Confidence Flag		1	Marginal Confidence
		2	Good Confidence
		3	Very Good Confidence
Aerosol Optical Depth Land 0.66	2	0	No Confidence or Fill
µm Confidence Flag		1	Marginal Confidence
		2	Good Confidence
		3	Very Good Confidence
Aerosol Optical Depth Ocean Avg.	2	0	No Confidence or Fill
Solution Confidence Flag		1	Marginal Confidence
		2	Good Confidence
		3	Very Good Confidence
Spares	2		TBD



# **Inventory Metadata**

of

# **Atmosphere Products**

## Introduction

This appendix describes the Inventory Metadata for all MODIS Atmosphere products. Inventory Metadata are searchable strings, stored within each HDF file, that can be used to assist users to select granules that meet predetermined criteria. Invento-ry Metadata are stored in the HDF global attribute "CoreMetadata.0".

There are two main types of Inventory Metadata:

- *ECS (or Core) Inventory Metadata* that can be found, in the same format, in all MODIS Atmosphere products. This includes strings that specify *Date/Time Range* and *Bounding Rectangle* (geolocation). Note that ECS stands for EOSDIS Core System.
- *QA Inventory Metadata*, which is product-specific (i.e.: varies from product to product), and typically provides more scientifically revealing information about a granule.

The primary data archive and ordering system that utilizes the <u>full set</u> of both ECS and QA Inventory Metadata to search and sort MODIS HDF granules is the *EOS Data Gateway* (EDG, http://redhook.gsfc.nasa.gov/ims-bin/pub/nph-ims.cgi).

Other data archive and ordering systems utilize only a small subset of the ECS (Core) Inventory Metadata. This subset of Core Inventory Metadata utilized typically includes only the Date/Time Range and Bounding Rectangle (geolocation) strings. These less powerful, but perhaps more user-friendly, data archive and ordering systems MODIS Data (MDOP, include the Multiple Ordering Page http://disc.gsfc.nasa.gov/daac-bin/MODIS/Data\_order.pl?PRINT=1) and the Atmosphere Archive and Distribution System - Web interface (AADSWeb, http://aadsweb.nascom.nasa.gov).

### **ECS Inventory Metadata**

**ECS (or Core) Inventory Metadata** is high-level information that can be used to help sort MODIS HDF data files based on basic user requirements. Shown in the table below is the Core Inventory Metadata implemented in all (both Level 2 and Level 3) MODIS Atmosphere products. It includes information on granule location, collection day and time, orbit information, percent missing data, science quality and automatic (operational) quality flags specifically defined to be associated with the measured parameters of a product.

The automatic quality flag is set by the MODIS processing facility (either the Goddard DAAC (Distributed Active Archive Center) or MODAPS) at the time the granule is produced. The science quality flag is assigned initially by the science team, and then updated through an update utility, if desired. Both of these flags are associated with a particular retrieval algorithm and apply to all derived SDSs.

## All MODIS Atmosphere Products

### ECS (or Core) Inventory Metadata

ECS Core Attribute Name	Sample Value (shown for a L2 Joint Product)
LOCALGRANULEID	"MODATML2.A2001043.1510.005.2005105195411.hdf"
PRODUCTIONDATETIME	"2005-04-15T19:54:11.000Z"
DAYNIGHTFLAG	"Day"
LOCALVERSIONID	"005"
REPROCESSINGACTUAL	"processed once"
REPROCESSINGPLANNED	"further update is anticipated"
SHORTNAME	"MODATML2"
VERSIONID	"5"
PGEVERSION	"5.1.0"
INPUTPOINTER <sup>†</sup>	"MOD03.A2001043.1510.005.2005105143551.hdf, MOD04_L2.A2001043.1510.005.2005105193145.hdf, MOD05_L2.A2001043.1510.005.2005105193042.hdf, MOD06_L2.A2001043.1510.005.2005105195333.hdf, MOD07_L2.A2001043.1510.005.2005105171354.hdf, MOD35_L2.A2001043.1510.005.2005105171245.hdf"
Date / Time Range	1
RANGEBEGINNINGTIME	15:10:00.000000
RANGEENDINGTIME	15:15:00.000000
RANGEBEGINNINGDATE	2001-02-12
RANGEENDINGDATE	2001-02-12
Bounding Rectangle	
EASTBOUNDINGCOORDINATE	-58.4177095990599
WESTBOUNDINGCOORDINATE	-85.5363614515652
NORTHBOUNDINGCOORDINATE	-11.9871990497647
SOUTHBOUNDINGCOORDINATE	-33.0740234458278
Orbit Calculated Spatial Domain	
ORBITNUMBER.1	6149
EQUATORCROSSINGLONGITUDE.1	-66.1949490630604
EQUATORCROSSINGDATE.1	2001-02-12
EQUATORCROSSINGTIME.1	15:06:12.273251
Measured Parameter	
PARAMETERNAME.1	"Cloud_Top_Pressure" (example)
SCIENCEQUALITYFLAG.1	"Not Investigated"
SCIENCEQUALITYFLAGEXPLANATION.1	"See http://modis-atmos.gsfc.nasa.gov/validation.html for more details on MODIS Atmosphere data quality."
AUTOMATICQUALITYFLAG.1	"Passed"
AUTOMATICQUALITYFLAGEXPLANATION.1	"Passed: >10% useable; Failed: <10% useable"

<sup>†</sup> MODIS product input files <sup>#</sup> Pertains to Measured ParameterName and refers to 23% of granule being clear (no CTP retrieval)

## **QA Inventory Metadata**

In addition to the ECS (or Core) Inventory Metadata described above, productspecific **QA Inventory Metadata** is used to accommodate the QA needs of each specific Level 2 (only) MODIS Atmosphere product. There is no QA Inventory Metadata defined or stored for Level 3 Atmosphere products.

The QA Inventory Metadata includes statistics reported by either the MODIS cloud mask algorithm or by the product generation algorithm itself. For all L2 MODIS atmosphere products, the QA Inventory Metadata may include:

- % successful rate of retrieval
- % low confidence clear sky
- % various cloud types
- % non-cloud obstruction
- % day processed
- % night processed
- maximum solar zenith angle
- minimum solar zenith angle
- % land processed
- % water processed
- % snow background processed
- % shadow processed
- % sunglint processed

An important feature of QA Inventory Metadata is its searchability. A user can skip an entire granule of data if the requested criteria are not satisfied, or can examine the granule in more detail if criteria are satisfied. Detailed descriptions of productspecific QA Inventory Metadata for each MODIS Atmosphere product follows.

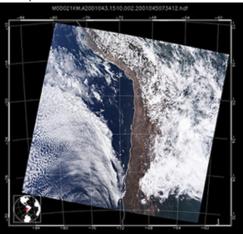
A Inventory Metadata (Note: Denominator in all Percentages = Total Pixels in entire G		Total Pixels in entire Granule)
Field Name	Field Description	Sample Value ^
Aerosol Retrieval		
AdditionalAttributeName.1	SuccessfulRetrievalPct_Land <sup>1</sup>	9.10
AdditionalAttributeName.2	SuccessfulRetrievalPct_Ocean <sup>2</sup>	15.77
Cloud and Non Cloud Obstruction	115	
AdditionalAttributeName.3	LowConfidentClearPct <sup>m</sup>	69.15
AdditionalAttributeName.11	ThinCirrusSolarFoundPct <sup>m</sup>	22.56
AdditionalAttributeName.12	ThinCirrusIR_FoundPct m	3.48
AdditionalAttributeName.13	NonCloudObstructionFoundPct m	0.25
Day/Night	· · ·	
AdditionalAttributeName.4	DayProcessedPct <sup>m</sup>	100.00
AdditionalAttributeName.5	NightProcessedPc <sup>m</sup>	0.00
Solar Zenith Angle		
AdditionalAttributeName.14	MaxSolarZenithAngle <sup>m</sup>	40.53
AdditionalAttributeName.15	MinSolarZenithAngle <sup>m</sup>	14.10
Scene Surface Type		
AdditionalAttributeName.8	LandProcessedPct <sup>m</sup>	51.99
AdditionalAttributeName.9	WaterProcessedPct <sup>m</sup>	48.01
AdditionalAttributeName.7	Snow_IceSurfaceProcessPct <sup>m</sup>	0.00
AdditionalAttributeName.10	ShadowFoundPct <sup>m</sup>	0.08
AdditionalAttributeName.6	SunglintProcessPct <sup>m, i</sup>	48.07

<sup>1</sup> For the Aerosol over Land algorithm, only clear-sky, dark-surface land pixels are retrieved.

<sup>2</sup> For the Aerosol over Ocean algorithm, only clear-sky, non-glint ocean pixels are retrieved.

<sup>m</sup> Fields are COPIED from the Cloud Mask QA Inventory Metadata and apply to a 1x1 km resolution analysis of granule.

<sup>i</sup> Incorrectly computed (based on solar and viewing geometry only -- did not consider whether the pixel is over land or water).



<sup>^</sup> Sample Values from MODIS/Terra 12 Feb 2001 15:10

## Water Vapor Product: MOD05\_L2 (Terra) & MYD05\_L2 (Aqua)

QA Inventory Metadata	(Note: Denominator in all Percentages =	Total Pixels in entire Granule)
Field Name	Field Description	Sample Value ^
Water Vapor Retrieval		
AdditionalAttributeName.1	SuccessfulRetrievalPct_NIR <sup>1</sup>	99.62
AdditionalAttributeName.2	SuccessfulRetrievalPct_IR <sup>2</sup>	30.75
Cloud and Non Cloud Obstructio	ns	
AdditionalAttributeName.3	LowConfidentClearPct <sup>m</sup>	69.15
AdditionalAttributeName.11	ThinCirrusSolarFoundPct <sup>m</sup>	22.56
AdditionalAttributeName.12	ThinCirrusIR_FoundPct <sup>m</sup>	3.48
AdditionalAttributeName.13	NonCloudObstructionFoundPct <sup>m</sup>	0.25
Day/Night		
AdditionalAttributeName.4	DayProcessedPct <sup>m</sup>	100.00
AdditionalAttributeName.5	NightProcessedPct <sup>m</sup>	0.00
Solar Zenith Angle		
AdditionalAttributeName.14	MaxSolarZenithAngle <sup>m</sup>	40.53
AdditionalAttributeName.15	MinSolarZenithAngle <sup>m</sup>	14.10
Scene Surface Type		
AdditionalAttributeName.8	LandProcessedPct <sup>m</sup>	51.99
AdditionalAttributeName.9	WaterProcessedPct <sup>m</sup>	48.01
AdditionalAttributeName.7	Snow_IceSurfaceProcessPct <sup>m</sup>	0.00
AdditionalAttributeName.10	ShadowFoundPct <sup>m</sup>	0.08
AdditionalAttributeName.6	SunglintProcessPct <sup>m, i</sup>	48.07

<sup>1</sup> For the Near IR Water Vapor algorithm, all non-missing pixels are retreived (but only bright-land & ocean-glint pixels are reliable).

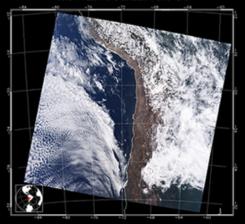
Collection 006 Suggestion: Fix SuccessfulRetrievalPct\_NIR computation so the numerator = "reliable (useful) retrievals only".

<sup>2</sup> For the IR Water Vapor algorithm, only clear-sky pixels (over both land and ocean) are retreived.

<sup>m</sup> Fields are COPIED from the Cloud Mask QA Inventory Metadata and apply to a 1x1 km resolution analysis of granule.

<sup>i</sup> Incorrectly computed (based on solar and viewing geometry only -- did not consider whether the pixel is over land or water).

Sample Values from MODIS/Terra 12 Feb 2001 15:10



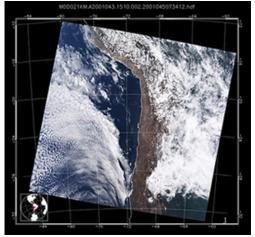
Field Name	Field Description	Sample Value ^
Cloud Top Property Retrieval		
AdditionalAttributeName.1	SuccessCloudTopPropRtrPct_IR <sup>1</sup>	77.12
AdditionalAttributeName.2	SuccessCloudPhaseRtrPct_IR <sup>1</sup>	76.75
AdditionalAttributeName.4	LowCloudDetectedPct_IR	19.77
AdditionalAttributeName.5	MidCloudDetectedPct_IR	38.91
AdditionalAttributeName.6	HighCloudDetectedPct_IR	18.44
AdditionalAttributeName.8	ThickCloudDetectedPct_IR	28.21
AdditionalAttributeName.7	ThinCloudDetectedPct_IR	6.44
AdditionalAttributeName.9	OpaqueCloudDetectedPct_IR	42.47
AdditionalAttributeName.10	CirrusCloudDetectedPct_IR	34.65
AdditionalAttributeName.12	WaterCloudDetectedPct_IR	49.69
AdditionalAttributeName.11	IceCloudDetectedPct_IR	13.05
AdditionalAttributeName.13	MixedCloudDetectedPct_IR	4.86
AdditionalAttributeName.14	CloudPhaseUncertainPct_IR	9.15
Cloud Optical Property Retrieve	al	
AdditionalAttributeName.3	SuccessCloudOptPropRtrPct_VIS (successful retrievals only)	64.32
AdditionalAttributeName.18	CloudCoverFractionPct_VIS (successful & unsuccessful)	67.56
AdditionalAttributeName.19	WaterCloudDectectedPct_VIS (successful & unsuccessful)	45.54
AdditionalAttributeName.20	IceCloudDetectedPct_VIS (successful & unsuccessful)	20.86
Scene Surface Type		
AdditionalAttributeName.16	LandCoverFractionPct <sup>m</sup>	51.99
AdditionalAttributeName.15	OceanCoverFractionPct <sup>m</sup>	48.01
AdditionalAttributeName.17	SnowCoverFractionPct <sup>m</sup>	0.00

## Cloud Product: MOD06\_L2 (Terra) & MYD06\_L2 (Aqua)

<sup>1</sup> Only 5x5 km grids determined to be cloudy are retrieved. CTP algorithms "detect" more clouds than Cloud Mask and Optical Prop. algorithms due to 5x5 avg'ing. CloudTopPropertyIR and CloudPhaseIR pcts. are different due to different bands being used.

<sup>m</sup> Fields are COPIED from the Cloud Mask QA Inventory Metadata and apply to a 1x1 km resolution analysis of granule.

<sup>^</sup> Sample Values from MODIS/Terra 12 Feb 2001 15:10



## Atmospheric Profile Product: MOD07\_L2 (Terra) & MYD07\_L2 (Aqua)

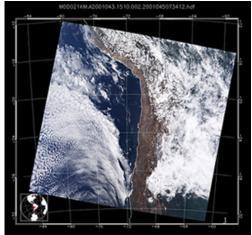
QA Inventory Metadata	tory Metadata (Note: Denominator in all Percentages = Total Pixels in entire G	
Field Name	Field Description	Sample Value ^
Atmospheric Profile Retrieval		
AdditionalAttributeName.1	SuccessfulRetrievalPct <sup>1</sup>	30.75
Cloud and Non Cloud Obstruction	S	I
AdditionalAttributeName.2	LowConfidenceClearPct m	69.15
AdditionalAttributeName.10	ThinCirrusSolarFoundPct <sup>m</sup>	22.56
AdditionalAttributeName.11	ThinCirrusIR_FoundPct <sup>m</sup>	3.48
AdditionalAttributeName.12	NonCloudObstructionFoundPct m	0.25
Day/Night		
AdditionalAttributeName.3	DayProcessedPct <sup>m</sup>	100.00
AdditionalAttributeName.4	NightProcessedPct <sup>m</sup>	0.00
Solar Zenith Angle		
AdditionalAttributeName.13	MaxSolarZenithAngle <sup>m</sup>	40.53
AdditionalAttributeName.14	MinSolarZenithAngle <sup>m</sup>	14.10
Scene Surface Type		
AdditionalAttributeName.7	LandProcessedPct <sup>m</sup>	51.99
AdditionalAttributeName.8	WaterProcessedPct <sup>m</sup>	48.01
AdditionalAttributeName.6	Snow_IceSurfaceProcessPct <sup>m</sup>	0.00
AdditionalAttributeName.9	ShadowFoundPct <sup>m</sup>	0.08
AdditionalAttributeName.5	SunglintProcessPct <sup>m, i</sup>	48.07

<sup>1</sup> For the Atmospheric Profiles algorithm, only clear-sky pixels (either land or ocean) are retreived.

<sup>m</sup> Fields are COPIED from the Cloud Mask QA Inventory Metadata and apply to a 1x1 km resolution analysis of granule.

<sup>i</sup> Incorrectly computed (based on solar and viewing geometry only -- did not consider whether the pixel is over land or water).

<sup>^</sup> Sample Values from MODIS/Terra 12 Feb 2001 15:10



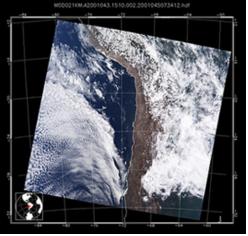
## Cloud Mask Product: MOD35\_L2 (Terra) & MYD35\_L2 (Aqua)

Field Name	Field Description	Sample Value ^
Cloud Mask Retrieval		
AdditionalAttributeName.1	SuccessfulRetrievalPct <sup>1</sup>	100.00
Cloud and Non Cloud Obstruction	15	
AdditionalAttributeName.7	ClearPct250m	34.90
AdditionalAttributeName.6	CloudCoverPct250m	65.10
AdditionalAttributeName.2	VeryHighConfidenceClearPct	23.78
AdditionalAttributeName.3	HighConfidenceClearPct	5.09
AdditionalAttributeName.4	UncertainConfidentClearPct	1.98
AdditionalAttributeName.5	LowConfidentClearPct	69.15
AdditionalAttributeName.15	ThinCirrusSolarFoundPct	22.56
AdditionalAttributeName.16	ThinCirrusIR_FoundPct	3.48
AdditionalAttributeName.17	NonCloudObstructionFoundPct	0.25
Day/Night		
AdditionalAttributeName.8	DayProcessedPct	100.00
AdditionalAttributeName.9	NightProcessedPct	0.00
Solar Zenith Angle		
AdditionalAttributeName.18	MaxSolarZenithAngle	40.53
AdditionalAttributeName.19	MinSolarZenithAngle	14.10
Scene Surface Type		
AdditionalAttributeName.12	LandProcessedPct	51.99
AdditionalAttributeName.13	WaterProcessedPct	48.01
AdditionalAttributeName.11	Snow_IceSurfaceProcessPct	0.00
AdditionalAttributeName.14	ShadowFoundPct	0.08
AdditionalAttributeName.10	SunglintProcessPct <sup>i</sup>	48.07

<sup>1</sup> For the Cloud Mask algorithm, all non-missing L1B pixels are retrieved.

<sup>i</sup> Incorrectly computed (based on solar and viewing geometry only -- did not consider whether the pixel is over land or water).

Collection 006 Suggestion: Fix the SunglintProcessPct computation (noted above). Fix will propagate to other L2 products.



^ Sample Values from MODIS/Terra 12 Feb 2001 15:10

# Joint Atmosphere Product: MODATML2 (Terra) & MYDATML2 (Aqua)

Field Name	Field Description	Sample Value ^
Aerosol Retrieval		
AdditionalAttributeName.18	SuccessfulRetrievalPct_Land <sup>1</sup>	9.10
AdditionalAttributeName.19	SuccessfulRetrievalPct_Ocean <sup>2</sup>	15.77
Water Vapor Retrieval		
AdditionalAttributeName.20	SuccessfulRetrievalPct_NIR <sup>3</sup>	99.62
AdditionalAttributeName.21	SuccessfulRetrievalPct_IR <sup>4</sup>	30.75
Cloud Top Property Retrieval		1
AdditionalAttributeName.22	SuccessCloudTopPropRtrPct_IR <sup>5</sup>	77.12
AdditionalAttributeName.23	SuccessCloudPhaseRtrPct_IR <sup>5</sup>	76.75
Cloud Optical Property Retrieval		1
AdditionalAttributeName.24	SuccessCloudOptPropRtrPct_VIS (successful retrievals only)	64.32
AdditionalAttributeName.25	CloudCoverFractionPct_VIS (successful & unsuccessful)	67.56
AdditionalAttributeName.26	WaterCloudDectectedPct_VIS (successful & unsuccessful)	45.54
AdditionalAttributeName.27	IceCloudDetectedPct_VIS (successful & unsuccessful)	20.86
Cloud Mask Retrieval	-	1
AdditionalAttributeName.1	SuccessfulRetrievalPct <sup>m</sup>	100.00
<b>Cloud and Non Cloud Obstructions</b>		T
AdditionalAttributeName.12	VeryHighConfidentClearPct <sup>m</sup>	23.78
AdditionalAttributeName.13	HighConfidentClearPct <sup>m</sup>	5.09
AdditionalAttributeName.14	UncertainConfidentClearPct <sup>m</sup>	1.98
AdditionalAttributeName.15	LowConfidentClearPct <sup>m</sup>	69.15
AdditionalAttributeName.16	ThinCirrusSolarFoundPct <sup>m</sup>	22.56
AdditionalAttributeName.17	ThinCirrusIR_FoundPct <sup>m</sup>	3.48
AdditionalAttributeName.9	NonCloudObstructionFoundPct <sup>m</sup>	0.25
Day/Night	-	1
AdditionalAttributeName.2	DayProcessedPct <sup>m</sup>	100.00
AdditionalAttributeName.3	NightProcessedPct <sup>m</sup>	0.00
Solar Zenith Angle	- I	1
AdditionalAttributeName.10	MaxSolarZenithAngle <sup>m</sup>	40.53
AdditionalAttributeName.11	MinSolarZenithAngle <sup>m</sup>	14.10
Scene Surface Type		1
AdditionalAttributeName.4	LandProcessedPct m	51.99
AdditionalAttributeName.5	WaterProcessedPct <sup>m</sup>	48.01
AdditionalAttributeName.6	Snow_IceSurfaceProcessedPct <sup>m</sup>	0.00
AdditionalAttributeName.7	ShadowFoundPct <sup>m</sup>	0.08
AdditionalAttributeName.8	SunglintProcessedPct <sup>m, i</sup>	48.07

<sup>1</sup> For Aerosol over Land algorithm, only clear-sky, dark-surface land pixels are retrieved.

<sup>2</sup> For Aerosol over Ocean algorithm, only clear-sky, non-glint ocean pixels are retrieved.

<sup>3</sup> For Near IR Water Vapor, all non-missing pixels are retreived (but only bright-land & ocean-glint pixels are reliable).

<sup>4</sup> For IR Water Vapor, only clear-sky pixels (land and ocean) are retreived. (Note: This number matches Atm Profile SuccessPct).

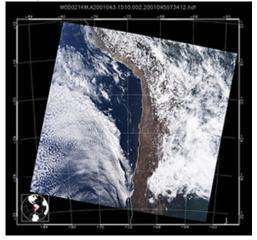
### MODIS Atmosphere QA Plan

<sup>5</sup> Only 5x5 km grids determined to be cloudy are retrieved. CTP algorithms "detect" more clouds than Cloud Mask and Optical Prop. algorithms due to 5x5 avg'ing. CloudTopPropertyIR and CloudPhaseIR pcts. are different due to different bands being used.

<sup>m</sup> Fields are COPIED from the Cloud Mask QA Inventory Metadata and apply to a 1x1 km resolution analysis of granule.

<sup>i</sup> Incorrectly computed (based on solar and viewing geometry only -- did not consider whether the pixel is over land or water).

\* Sample Values from MODIS/Terra <u>12 Feb 2001</u> 15:10





# **Archive Metadata**

of

# **Atmosphere Products**

## Introduction

This appendix describes the Archive Metadata for all MODIS Atmosphere products. Archive Metadata, stored in the HDF global attribute "ArchiveMetadata.0", are designed to report summary statistics and information pertaining to a granule for documentation purposes only.

Archive metadata is stored (archived) along with science data sets of each granule. These values are not searchable. Archive Metadata is defined in both Level 2 and Level 3 MODIS Atmosphere products.

Arguably, the two most useful pieces of information in the Archive Metadata are the *LocalInputGranuleID* and *ProductionHistory* strings.

- The *LocalInputGranuleID* contains a full list of input files used to create the HDF product file in question. Input files can include other MODIS HDF product files (typically L1B Calibrated Radiances and/or L2 Cloud Mask) and additional ancillary files (such as algorithm specific look-up libraries, and/or snow, albedo and ecosystem maps) needed to run the L2 product algorithm.
- The *ProductionHistory* contains the program executable (PGE) version that was used to produce the HDF product file. This allows users to trace the maturity and quality of HDF data products. Specific changes incorporated into various versions of PGEs can be found in the Products section of the MODIS Atmosphere web site at http://modis-atmos.gsfc.nasa.gov/products\_calendar\_pge03.html (Note that the link specified is for PGE03, which produces the Cloud Mask and Atmospheric Profiles products. All other MODIS Atmosphere PGE's can be selected through the menu on the left hand side of this page).

The complete set of archive metadata for each MODIS Atmosphere product is described below.

# Aerosol Product: MOD04\_L2 (Terra) & MYD04\_L2 (Aqua)

Archive Metadata

Field name	Sample Value
LONGNAME	"MODIS/Terra Aerosol 5-Min L2 Swath 10km"
PROCESSINGENVIRONMENT	"Linux minion5027 2.4.20-37.7.legacysmp #1 SMP Mon Sep 27
	21:38:15 EDT 2004 i686 unknown"
ALGORITHMPACKAGEACCEPTANCE DATE	"June-1997"
ALGORITHMPACKAGEMATURITYCODE	"at-launch"
ALGORITHMPACKAGENAME #	"ATBD-MOD-02"
ALGORITHMPACKAGEVERSION	"2"
INSTRUMENTNAME	"Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer"
LOCALINPUTGRANULEID <sup>†</sup>	"MOD03.A2001043.1510.005.2005105143551.hdf,
	MOD021KM.A2001043.1510.005.2005105163716.hdf,
	MOD35_L2.A2001043.1510.005.2005105171245.hdf"
EXCLUSIONGRINGFLAG	"N"
GRINGPOINTLATITUDE	(-11.9657643150703, -15.1127398445589, -33.2616100115919,
	-29.5206668804633)
GRINGPOINTLONGITUDE	(-79.8034155352806, -58.1828178475367, -61.0282026524014,
	-85.5445842551903)
GRINGPOINTSEQUENCENO	(1, 2, 3, 4)
VERYGOODQUALITYDATAPCT_LAND	0.00
GOODQUALITYDATAPCT_LAND	100.00
MARGINALQUALITYDATAPCT_LAND	0.00
BADQUALITYDATAPCT_LAND	0.00
VERYGOODQUALITYDATAPCT_OCEAN	64.65
GOODQUALITYDATAPCT_OCEAN	3.80
MARGINALQUALITYDATAPCT_OCEAN	15.96
BADQUALITYDATAPCT_OCEAN	17.00
ALGORITHMSOFTWAREVERSIONLAND	2
ALGORITHMSOFTWAREVERSIONOCEAN	2
DESCRREVISION	5.0
PRODUCTIONHISTORY	PGE04:5.1.0

<sup>#</sup> Refers to Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document (ATBD) reference number

# Water Vapor Product: MOD05\_L2 (Terra) & MYD05\_L2 (Aqua)

Archive Metadata

Field name	Sample Value
LONGNAME	"MODIS/Terra Total Precipitable Water Vapor 5-Min L2 Swath
	1km and 5km"
PROCESSINGENVIRONMENT	"Linux minion5027 2.4.20-37.7.legacysmp #1 SMP Mon Sep 27
	21:38:15 EDT 2004 i686 unknown"
ALGORITHMPACKAGEACCEPTANCEDATE	"June 1997"
ALGORITHMPACKAGEMATURITYCODE	"at-launch"
ALGORITHMPACKAGENAME #	"ATBD-MOD-03"
ALGORITHMPACKAGEVERSION	"2"
INSTRUMENTNAME	"Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer"
LOCALINPUTGRANULEID <sup>†</sup>	"MOD03.A2001043.1510.005.2005105143551.hdf,
	MOD021KM.A2001043.1510.005.2005105163716.hdf,
	MOD35_L2.A2001043.1510.005.2005105171245.hdf,
	MOD07_L2.A2001043.1510.005.2005105171354.hdf"
EXCLUSIONGRINGFLAG	"N"
GRINGPOINTLATITUDE	(-11.9657643150703, -15.1127398445589, -33.2616100115919,
	-29.5206668804633)
GRINGPOINTLONGITUDE	(-79.8034155352806, -58.1828178475367, -61.0282026524014,
	-85.5445842551903)
GRINGPOINTSEQUENCENO	(1, 2, 3, 4)
ALGORITHMSOFTWAREVERSION_NIR	2
ALGORITHMSOFTWAREVERSION_IR	2
DESCRREVISION	5.0
PRODUCTIONHISTORY	PGE04:5.1.0

<sup>#</sup> Refers to Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document (ATBD) reference number

# Cloud Product: MOD06\_L2 (Terra) & MYD06\_L2 (Aqua)

### Archive Metadata

Field name	Sample Value
LONGNAME	"MODIS/Terra Clouds 5-Min L2 Swath 1km and 5km"
PROCESSINGENVIRONMENT	"Linux minion5027 2.4.20-37.7.legacysmp #1 SMP Mon Sep 27
	21:38:15 EDT 2004 i686 unknown"
ALGORITHMPACKAGEACCEPTANCE DATE	"June-1997"
ALGORITHMPACKAGEMATURITYCODE	"at-launch"
ALGORITHMPACKAGENAME #	"ATBD-MOD-04 and ATBD-MOD-05"
ALGORITHMPACKAGEVERSION	2
INSTRUMENTNAME	"Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer"
LOCALINPUTGRANULEID <sup>†</sup>	"MOD021KM.A2001043.1510.005.2005105163716.hdf,
	MOD03.A2001043.1510.005.2005105143551.hdf,
	MOD35_L2.A2001043.1510.005.2005105171245.hdf,
	Library_water.hdf.v1,
	Library_ice.hdf.v2,
	Transmittance.hdf.v2,
	AlbMap.WS.vb1.0.2001.033.0.659.hdf,
	AlbMap.WS.vb1.0.2001.033.0.858.hdf,
	AlbMap.WS.vb1.0.2001.033.1.24.hdf,
	AlbMap.WS.vb1.0.2001.033.1.64.hdf,
	AlbMap.WS.vb1.0.2001.033.2.13.hdf,
	AlbSnwSts.ByNISE.W90.D90.WS.Lats.70.40.2000-2004.Oct.Jan.hdf,
	IGBP.EcoMap.NtoS.2004.149.v004.hdf"
EXCLUSIONGRINGFLAG	"N"
GRINGPOINTLATITUDE	(-11.9657643150703, -15.1127398445589, -33.2616100115919, -
	29.5206668804633)
GRINGPOINTLONGITUDE	(-79.8034155352806, -58.1828178475367, -61.0282026524014, -
	85.5445842551903)
GRINGPOINTSEQUENCENO	(1, 2, 3, 4)
ALGORITHM_VERSION_CLOUD_TOP_PROPERTY_IR	1
ALGORITHM_VERSION_CLOUD_PHASE_IR	1
ALGORITHM_VERSION_CLOUD_PROPERTY_VIS	1
DESCRREVISION	5.0
PRODUCTIONHISTORY	PGE06:5.3.0

<sup>#</sup> Refers to Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document (ATBD) reference number

# Atmospheric Profile Product: MOD07\_L2 (Terra) & MYD07\_L2 (Aqua)

Archive Metadata

Field name	Sample Value
LONGNAME	"MODIS/Terra Temperature and Water Vapor Profiles
	5-Min L2 Swath 5km"
PROCESSINGENVIRONMENT	""Linux minion352 2.4.18-27.7.xsmp #1 SMP Fri Mar 14
	05:52:30 EST 2003 i686 unknown""
INSTRUMENTNAME	"Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer"
ALGORITHMPACKAGEACCEPTANCE DATE	"June 1997"
ALGORITHMPACKAGEMATURITYCODE	"at-launch"
ALGORITHMPACKAGENAME #	"ATBD-MOD-07"
ALGORITHMPACKAGEVERSION	"2"
LOCALINPUTGRANULEID <sup>†</sup>	""MOD021KM.A2001043.1510.005.2005105163716.hdf, MOD03.A2001043.1510.005.2005105143551.hdf, MOD35_L2.A2001043.1510.005.2005105171245.hdf, gdas1.PGrbF00.010212.18z, MODIS_REGCOEF_FACTORS.terra.v5, MODIS_senzen.bin, terra_bias.dat.v2, terra_det.dat.v2""
GRINGPOINTLATITUDE	(-11.9657643150703, -15.1127398445589, -33.2616100115919, -29.5206668804633)
GRINGPOINTLONGITUDE	(-79.8034155352806, -58.1828178475367, -61.0282026524014, -85.5445842551903)
GRINGPOINTSEQUENCENO	(1, 2, 3, 4)
PROFILES_ALGORITHM_VERSION_NUMBER	1
STABILITY_INDICES_ALGORITHM_VERSION_NUMBER	1
TOTAL_OZONE_ALGORITHM_VERSION_NUMBER	1
DESCRREVISION	5.0
PRODUCTIONHISTORY	PGE03:5.1.5

<sup>#</sup> Refers to Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document (ATBD) reference number

# Cloud Mask Product: MOD35\_L2 (Terra) & MYD35\_L2 (Aqua)

Archive Metadata

Field name	Sample Value
LONGNAME	"MODIS/Terra Cloud Mask and Spectral Test Results
	5-Min L2 Swath 250m and 1km"
PROCESSINGENVIRONMENT	""Linux minion352 2.4.18-27.7.xsmp #1 SMP Fri Mar 14 05:52:30 EST
	2003 i686 unknown""
INSTRUMENTNAME	""Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer"
ALGORITHMPACKAGEACCEPTANCE DATE	"June-1997"
ALGORITHMPACKAGEMATURITYCODE	"at-launch"
ALGORITHMPACKAGENAME #	"ATBD-MOD-06"
ALGORITHMPACKAGEVERSION	"2"
LOCALINPUTGRANULEID <sup>†</sup>	""MOD03.A2001043.1510.005.2005105143551.hdf,
	MOD021KM.A2001043.1510.005.2005105163716.hdf,
	MOD02QKM.A2001043.1510.005.2005105163716.hdf,
	goge1_2_img.v1,
	ecosystem.img.v1,
	thresholds.dat.terra.v13,
	gdas1.PGrbF00.010212.18z,
	oisst.20010214,
	eng.010213,
	NISE_SSMIF13_20010212.HDFEOS"
EXCLUSIONGRINGFLAG	"N"
GRINGPOINTLATITUDE	(-11.9657643150703, -15.1127398445589, -33.2616100115919,
	-29.5206668804633)
GRINGPOINTLONGITUDE	(-79.8034155352806, -58.1828178475367, -61.0282026524014,
	-85.5445842551903)
GRINGPOINTSEQUENCENO	(1, 2, 3, 4)
CLOUD_MASK_ALGORITHM_VERSION_NUMBER	1.00
DESCRREVISION	5.0
PRODUCTIONHISTORY	PGE03:5.1.5

<sup>#</sup> Refers to Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document (ATBD) reference number

## Joint Atmosphere Product: MODATML2 (Terra) & MYDATML2 (Aqua)

#### Archive Metadata

Field name	Sample Value
LONGNAME	"MODIS/Terra Aerosol, Cloud and Water Vapor Subset 5-Min L2 Swath 5km and 10km"
PROCESSINGENVIRONMENT	"Linux minion5027 2.4.20-37.7.legacysmp #1 SMP Mon Sep 27 21:38:15 EDT 2004 i686 unknown"
INSTRUMENTNAME	"Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer"
EXCLUSIONGRINGFLAG	"N"
GRINGPOINTLATITUDE	(-11.9657643150703, -15.1127398445589, -33.2616100115919, -29.5206668804633)
GRINGPOINTLONGITUDE	(-79.8034155352806, -58.1828178475367, -61.0282026524014, -85.5445842551903)
GRINGPOINTSEQUENCENO	(1, 2, 3, 4)
DESCRREVISION	5.0
PRODUCTIONHISTORY	PGE83:5.1.0

Collection 006 Suggestions:

1.) Include a string of PGE's (reflecting the L2 MODIS Atmosphere input products), as was done for L3

(e.g., PRODUCTIONHISTORY = "PGE03:5.1.5; PGE06:5.3.0; PGE04:5.1.0; PGE83:5.1.0")

2.) Add LocalInputGranuleID string and populate with the four L2 MODIS Atmosphere input product HDF file names, as is done for all other products. (Note that "InputPointer" in ECS (Core) Inventory Metadata duplicates this info.)

## Daily Global Product: MOD08\_D3 (Terra) & MYD08\_D3 (Aqua)

#### Archive Metadata

Field name	Sample Value
LONGNAME	"MODIS/Terra Aerosol Cloud Water Vapor Ozone Daily L3 Global 1Deg CMG"
PROCESSINGENVIRONMENT	"IRIX64 mtvs2 6.5 10070055 IP35"
LOCALINPUTGRANULEID	†
DESCRREVISION	5.0
PRODUCTIONHISTORY	PGE03:5.1.5;PGE06:5.3.0;PGE04:5.1.0;PGE69:5.1.1;PGE56:5.1.1

<sup>†</sup> MODIS product input files (nearly 1200 L2 MODIS HDF file names)

# Eight Day Global Product: MOD08\_E3 (Terra) & MYD08\_E3 (Aqua)

Archive Metadata		
Field name	Sample Value	
LONGNAME	"MODIS/Terra Aerosol Cloud Water Vapor Ozone Eight Day L3 Global 1Deg CMG"	
PROCESSINGENVIRONMENT	"IRIX64 mtvs2 6.5 10070055 IP35"	
LOCALINPUTGRANULEID	†	
DESCRREVISION	5.0	
PRODUCTIONHISTORY	PGE03:5.1.5;PGE06:5.3.0;PGE04:5.1.0;PGE69:5.1.1;PGE56:5.1.1;PGE70:5.1.0	

<sup>†</sup> MODIS product input files (up to 8 L3 Daily MODIS HDF file names)

# Monthly Global Product: MOD08\_M3 (Terra) & MYD08\_M3 (Aqua)

#### Archive Metadata

Field name	Sample Value
LONGNAME	"MODIS/Terra Aerosol Cloud Water Vapor Ozone Monthly L3 Global 1Deg CMG"
PROCESSINGENVIRONMENT	"IRIX64 mtvs2 6.5 10070055 IP35"
LOCALINPUTGRANULEID	†
DESCRREVISION	5.0
PRODUCTIONHISTORY	PGE03:5.1.5;PGE06:5.3.0;PGE04:5.1.0;PGE69:5.1.1;PGE56:5.1.1;PGE57:5.1.0

<sup>†</sup> MODIS product input files (up to 31 L3 Daily MODIS HDF file names)